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6. Participating organisations

Name	Location of research premises (city/country)	Type of R&I activities	No. of full - time employees involved in the project	No. of employees in R&I	Web site	Annual turnover (approx. in Euro)
Clever Operation	Orsay (FR)	Hardware/Software customized instrumentation and solutions	3	2	<u>www.clever-</u> operation.com	93 Thousand
Caen	Viareggio (IT)	Electronic Instrumentation for Nuclear Physics	74	34	www.caen.it	12 Millions
Seems	Alexandroupolis (GR)	Hardware/Firmware /Software IT Solutions	4	4	www.seems.gr	50 Thousand
SAES RIAL Vacuum	Parma (IT)	Hardware for cryogenic, ultra- high-vacuum and superconductive magnet applications	3	2	www.saesrial.c om	3 Milions

Table B4 – Data for <u>non-academic</u> Beneficiaries

Table B5 – Organisations (Beneficiaries and TC Partner organisations) data

Beneficiary Legal Name: Universita' di Pisa (UNIPI)			
General Description	UNIPI is one of the most prestigious universities in Italy: 20 Dep. with 1,500 research staff		
	and 47,000 students. The Dep. of Physics has 80 academics research staff, 30 involved in		
	particle physics research. With UNIMAN, UNIPI is one of the three European Univ.		
	members of the US Univ. Res. Ass. (URA).		
Role and Commitment of	A. Papa, Researcher; Member of MEG, MEG-II, Mu3e and muX; MEG-II Technical and		
key persons (including	Run Coordinator; Coordinator of MEG and MEG-II calibration groups; Coordinator of all		
supervisors)	MEG-II beams; Coordinator of PSI experimental areas; Coordinator of the MEG-II Exotic		
	Physics group; Coordinator of the Mu3e scintillating fibre detector group at PSI;		
	Coordinator of the UNIPI Summer School at PSI and Prakticum for Master students at		
	PSI F. Cei, Associate Professor; Member of MEG, MEG-II, LSPE; Coordinator of the		
	MEG Simulation group and Analysis group; Member of the LSPE Editorial Board. V.		
	Giusti , Ass. Prof. at the Dep. of Civil and Industrial Engineering; Experience of numerical simulations of nuclear reactors, design of nuclear reactors, radiation transport models for		
	neutron spectrometry and dosimetry, neutron design and validation of facilities for boron		
	neutron capture therapy and research. R. Ciolini , Ass. Prof. at the Dep. of Civil and		
	Industrial Engineering; Responsible of the Nuclear Measurements Laboratory at UNIPI;		
	Experience of neutron dosimetry and spectrometry, development of new dosimetric		
	techniques and neutron detectors, environmental radioactive measurements, radiation		
	shielding, including use of Monte Carlo codes (MCNPX) for the simulation of neutron and		
	gamma radiation transport. F. D'Errico, Full Prof. at the Dep. of Civil and Industrial		
	Engineering; Fellow, Timothy Dwight College, Yale University, Vice-President of the		
	International Solid State Dosimetry Organization (2004-2007), President of the		
	International Solid Stated Dosimetry Organization (2007-2010); Editor in Chief, Radiation		
	Measurements for Elsevier Science (2005-2011); Experience of neutron detectors for neutron dosimetry. A. Marini , Postdoc Res. Ass. at the Dep. of Civil and Industrial		
	Engineering; experience of Monte Carlo and numerical simulations, radiation transport		
	models for neutron spectroscopy and dosimetry.		
Key Research Facilities,	The Dep. of Physics has state-of-the-art research facilities, mechanical, electronics		
Infrastructure and	workshops and clean-rooms, and substantial computing resources. The Dep. of Civil and		
Equipment	Industrial Engineering has state-of-the-art facilities to perform research in Aerospace,		
	Chemical, Civil, Mechanical and Nuclear Engineering.		
Status of Research	Research facilities are owned by UNIPI and independent from other beneficiaries/partner		
Premises	organization in the consortium.		
Previous Involvement in	UNIPI has been involved in 76 FP7 projects. The particle physics group has been involved		
Research and Training	in many international projects, UA1, UA2, LEP, NOMAD, Na48, APE, NTA-ILC, NTA-		
Programmes	PLASMONX, SuperB. The Dep. Of Physics has coordinated FTK (324318) and TRIMAGE (602621) in FP7. The Dep. of Civil and Industrial Engineering has been		
	involved in 3 FP7-EURATOM-FISSION Projects, THINS, SARNET2, SEARCH.		
Current Involvement in	UNIPI is involved in 78 H2020 projects for a total financial support of 21 Meuro. UNIPI		
Research and Training	coordinates 10 H2020 projects. The particle physics group is engaged in ATLAS, BaBar,		
Programmes	Belle, CDF, CMS, Na62, MEG, Mu2e, LHCb, FERMI, VIRGO, Mu2e. The Dep. of		
	Physics participates to 4 FP7 and 2 H2020 projects, and coordinates INTENSE (822185).		
	The Dep. of Civil and Industrial Engineering participates in MYRTE - MYRRHA		
	(662186) in H2020.		
Relevant Publications	[1] F. Abe et al. (CDF Collaboration), "Observation top quark production in p-pbar		
and/or Research /	collisions", Phys. Rev. Lett. 74 (1995) 2626-2631. [2] N. Atanov et al., "Design and status		
Innovation Product	of the Mu2e electromagnetic calorimeter", Nucl. Instrum. Meth. A824 (2016) 695-698. [3]		
	R. Ciolini et al., "A feasibility study of a SiC sandwich neutron spectrometer", Radiation		
	Measurements 46 (2011), pp. 1634-1637. [4] V. Giusti, B. Montagnini, "A boundary element - Response matrix method for 3D neutron diffusion and transport problems",		
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	[5] V. Giusti, "Computational design and preliminary measurements of a mixed-field		

PROBES

Beneficiary Legal Name: Ist	ituto Nazionale di Fisica Nucleare (INFN)
General Description	INFN is the Italian research agency dedicated to the study of fundamental physics within a
	framework of collaboration with the most important research centers in the world. It
	conducts theoretical and experimental research in the fields of sub-nuclear, nuclear and astroparticle physics, in collaboration with Italian universities.
Role and Commitment of	S. Donati , Ass. Prof. at the Dep. of Physics; Member of CDF, ATLAS, and Mu2e;
key persons (including	Coordinator of the CDF Trigger Group (2009-2011); Member of the Mu2e Inst. Board,
supervisors)	CDF and Mu2e Speakers Committee; Coordinator of the UNIPI Summer School "Summer
	Students at FNAL and other US Laboratories"; Principal Investigator of the INTENSE
	(822185) H2020-MSCA-RISE; Principal Investigator of the NEWS (734303) H2020- MSCA-RISE; Member of the Steering Committee of the FTK (324318) FP7-PEOPLE-
	IAPP; chair of the Scientific Board and Member of the Management Board of MUSE
	(690835) H2020-MSCA-RISE; Principal Investigator of one PRA 2015 and one PRA 2017
	project at UNIPI; Principal Investigator of the joint UNIPI-MIT MISTI Global Seed Funds
	research project; Awardee of the URA Visiting Scholar Program at FNAL in 2011, 2104 and 2016. A. Baldini, Director of Research; Member of MEG, MEG-II and LSPE;
	Spokesperson of MEG and MEG-II; National Coordinator of MEG and MEG-II at INFN.
	F. Cei, Associate Professor; Member of MEG, MEG-II, LSPE; Coordinator of the MEG
	Simulation group and Analysis group; Member of the LSPE Editorial Board. F. Spinella
	(40%), Resercher; Physicist, expert of electronic design and DAQ systems; Coordinator of
	electronics projects for CDF, AMS, TOTEM, NA62 and Mu2e. F. Raffaelli, Director of Applied Research; Nuclear Engineer, expert of mechanics design; coordinator of
	international projects for CDF, CMS, VIRGO, NA62, KLOE, BaBar, SuperB, AMS, and
	Mu2e. A. Guglielmi, Director of Research, PI with C. Rubbia of the ICARUS-INFN
	experiment, team leader of the Padova INFN group involved in the ICARUS experiment.
	C. Montanari, Researcher, Technical coordinator for ICARUS-SBN project, CERN fellow associate. G.L. Raselli, Researcher; Coordinator the ICARUS light detection
	system. D. Gibin , Associate Professor at the DFA, UNIPD; Member of NNBar2,
	NOMAD, HARP, ICARUS and DUNE; experience in particle/neutrino physics, detector
	design exploitation and simulation, data analysis; coordinator of the ICARUS simulation
	and reconstruction group; member of the ICARUS editorial board; convener of the joint SBN analysis group; convener of the SBN oscillation group. M. Fiorini , Ass. Prof. at the
	Dep. of Physics of the University of Ferrara; Coordinator of the LHCb group of INFN-FE,
	member of the Na62 Collaboration; Principal Investigator of the 4DPHOTON ERC
	Consolidator 2018 European Project; Principal Investigator of the INFN-funded AEQUO
	experiment. R. De Vita , Researcher; spokesperson of the CLAS Collaboration M.
	Battaglieri , Researcher; PI of the BDX experiment, PI of the streaming RO EIC R&D project, member of the HPS Collaboration. G. Urcioli , Researcher; co-spokesperson of the
	PREX experiment; co-spokesperson of the Hyperon experiment E12-15-008. 8. M.
	Contalbrigo, Researcher; Coordinator of the INFN activity at JLab; co-spokeperson of the
	nucleon 3D experiment C11-111; responsible of the CLAS12 RICH project. M. Statera,
Koy Possarsh Easilities	Research Engineer, coordinator of the high-temperature magnet system of CLAS12 target.
Key Research Facilities, Infrastructure and	INFN has 20 divisions and 11 connected groups based at different university physics departments and four National Laboratories, housing large equipment and infrastructures.
Equipment	In the departments and laboratories participating to this project, there are mechanical and
	electronic workshops, clean rooms and computing centers. INFN and CNRS have built and
	operate the Virgo 3-km long interferometer located near Pisa to detect gravitational
	radiation produced by supernovae and coalescence of binary systems in the milky way and in outer galaxies.
Status of Research	All INFN departments participating to the project are independent research premises.
Premises	
Previous Involvement in	INFN significantly contributed to the most important experiments in particle physics. A
Research and Training Programmes	non-exhaustive list is: UA1, UA2, LEP experiments, CDF, NA48, NNBar, KLOE, Nomad, HARP, ICARUS and BABAR. INFN has been involved in 60 R&I projects in FP7.
Current Involvement in	INFN is involved in leading edge HEP experiments in the energy frontier and in high
Research and Training	precision measurements: Mu2e and Muon (g-2) at FNAL, LHC experiments at CERN,
Programmes	BESIII, Belle2, MEG, NA62. INFN is also involved in astroparticle experiments: AMS,
	FERMI, DAMA, ICARUS, OPERA, and VIRGO. INFN is involved in 27 FP7 and 53 H2020 (6 ERC, 17 MSCA, 7 FET, 23 RI) projects. In H2020 the total INFN financial
	support is above 32 million euro.
Relevant Publications	[1] J. Budagov et al., "The Calorimeter Project for the Mu2e Experiment", NIM. A 718
and/or Research /	(2013) 56. [2] S. Amerio et al (ICARUS Collaboration), "Design, construction and tests of
Innovation Product	the ICARUS T600 detector", NIM A527 (2004) 329. [3] M. Antonello et al (ICARUS Collaboration) "Experimental search for the 'L SND anomaly' with the ICAPUS detector
	Collaboration), "Experimental search for the 'LSND anomaly' with the ICARUS detector in the CNGS neutrino beam" EPJ C73 (2013) no.3, 2345. [4] B.A. Mecking et al., "The
	CEBAF Large Acceptance Spectrometer (CLAS)", NIM A503 (2003) 513. [5] P.H. Adrian
	et al. (HPS Collaboration), "Search for a dark photon in electroproduced e+e- pairs with
	the Heavy Photon Search experiment at JLab", Phys. Rev. D98 (2018) no.9, 091101.

Beneficiary Legal Name: Co	ostruzione Apparecchiature Elettroniche Nucleari (CAEN)	
General Description	Electronic instrumentation for nuclear and particle physics.	
Role and Commitment of	Giovanni Di Maio, head after sales division. Ferdinando Giordano, physicist, project	
key persons (including	manager. Alessandro Iovene, engineer, project manager. Andrea Tesa, engineer, design	
supervisors)	and test division.	
Key Research Facilities,	R&D, Production and Test facilities for electronic systems with more than 30 full-time	
Infrastructure and	employees in R&D, Project Management division. Worldwide sales network:	
Equipment	- CAEN offices in Italy, Germany and USA	
Equipment	- Distributors in more than 30 countries	
Status of Research	CAEN owns its research laboratories located at its headquarter.	
Premises	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Previous Involvement in	MODES SNM - MOdular DEtection System for Special Nuclear Materials, Funded by	
Research and Training	European Commission under the 7th Framework Programme (FP7) / Cooperation - Theme:	
Programmes	SECURITY	
Flogrammes	TAWARA RTM – TAp WAter RAdioactivity Real Time Monitor, Funded by European	
	Commission under the 7th Framework Programme (FP7) / Cooperation - Theme:	
	SECURITY	
	FTK – Fast Tracker for Hadron Collider Experiments, Funded by European Commission	
	under the 7th Framework Programme (FP7) / Cooperation - Theme: PEOPLE-IAPP	
Current Involvement in	JENNIFER – Japan and Europe Network for Neutrino and Intensity Frontier Experimental	
Research and Training	Research, Funded by European Commission under the Horizon 2020 Programme (H2020)	
Programmes	/ Excellent Science - Theme: MSCA-RISE	
Fiogrammes	C-BORD – effective Container inspection at BORDer control points, Funded by European	
	Commission under the Horizon 2020 Programme (H2020) / Societal Challenges - Theme:	
	BES	
	MUSE – Muon campus in US and Europe contribution, Funded by European Commission	
	under the Horizon 2020 Programme (H2020) / Excellent Science - Theme: MSCA-RISE	
	NEOLITE – Nuove tEcnologie elettrOniche di aLimentazione In ambienTe ostilE, Funded	
	by Regione Toscana under the local regional program of research and innovation POR	
	FESR 2014-2020	
	PRIMIS - PredIctive MaIntenance in hostile environment, Funded by Regione Toscana	
	under the local regional program of research and innovation POR FESR 2014-2020	
	INTENSE - Particle physics experiments at the high intensity frontier, from new physics to	
	spin-offs. A cooperative Europe - United States - Japan effort, Funded by European	
	Commission under the Horizon 2020 Programme (H2020) / Excellent Science - Theme:	
	MSCA-RISE	
Relevant Publications	[1] D.Cester, D. Fabris, M. Lunardon, S. Moretto, G. Nebbia, S. Pesente, L. Stevanato, G.	
and/or Research /	Viesti, F. Neri, S. Petrucci, S. Selmi, C. Tintori: An Integrated mobile system for port	
Innovation Product	security, ANIMMA Conference 2011, Ghent, 5.06.	
	[2] D. Cester, G. Nebbia, L. Stevanato, G Viesti, F. Neri, S. Petrucci, S. Selmi, C. Tintori,	
	P. Peerani, A. Tomanin: Special nuclear material detection with a mobile multi-detector	
	system, Nuclear Instruments and Methods in Physics Research Section A: Accelerators,	
	Spectrometers, Detectors and Associated Equipment, Volume 663, Issue 1, 21 January	
	2012, Pages 55-63.	
	[3] G Viesti, D. Cester, G. Nebbia, L. Stevanato, F. Neri, S. Petrucci, S. Selmi, C. Tintori,	
	P. Peerani, A. Tomanin: Special Nuclear Material detection studies with the SMANDRA	
	mobile system, IX LASNPA Conference, Quito 2011.	
	[4] D. Cester, L. Swiderski, M. Moszynski, A. Iovene, S. Petrucci, C. Tintori:	
	Development of a Mobile Modular System for the Detection of Special Nuclear Material	
	(MODES_SNM). X LASNPA. 040. 1. 2014.	
	[5] C. Fontana, M. Donati, D. Cester, L. Fanucci, A. Iovene, L. Swiderski, S. Moretto, M.	
	Moszynski, A. Olejnik, A. Ruiu, L. Stevanato, T. Batsch, C. Tintori, M. Lunardon: A	
	Distributed Data Acquisition System for the Sensor Network of the TAWARA_RTM	
	Project. Physics Procedia. 90. 271-278. 10.1016/j.phpro.2017.09.008. 2017.	

Beneficiary Legal Name: Cle	ver Operation (CLEVER)
General Description	CLEVER is an innovative start-up based in Orsay (France) at the RIC (research intensive cluster) & business cluster of PARIS-SACLAY (targeted French "Silicon Valley"). It is incubated by the 1 st technological business incubator in France, IncubAlliance in partnership with CEA, CNRS, BPI France. CLEVER promotes its products and services of customized HW/SW instrumentation of smart-connected sensors and systems with innovative displays and control technologies for different sectors such as nuclear-radiological control and research.
Role and Commitment of	Radia SIA, Ph.D. in High Energy Physics (HEP) instrumentation, New York USA and ICTP-
key persons (including supervisors)	graduate diploma in HEP from the International Center for Physics, Trieste ITALY. Founding partner of CLEVER and its lead scientist. Previously in charge of nuclear measurement instrumentation R&D at AREVA (Paris). 8 years of experience in R&D management/coordination and scientific leadership of projects such as for NSF, DOE, DHS, DoD, DTRA, NASA and NIH. 15 years of R&D for radiation detection instrumentation within leading-edge institutions such as: Radiation Monitoring Devices (RMD) Inc. (a Dynasil company), leader of the US Small Business Innovation Research program, Syracuse Univ. (NY) with FNAL (Chicago, IL), Cornell Wilson Lab (Ithaca NY) and CERN (Switzerland). Nabil MENAA, Ph.D. in High Energy Physics. Product & Marketing Director at Canberra Industries (world leader in nuclear instrumentation). Co-Founder of CLEVER and member of its advisory board. Technology Director at Canberra since 2012 and the EDUSAFE ITN task leader. Hervé LEBBOLO, M.Sc. in Electronics & Instrumentation (1984). Electronics division at LPNHE (France). He was involved in many experiments such as DAMIC, DELPHI, RD1, SPACAL H1 Desy, BABAr, D0. Dj (Djamel-Eddine) SIA (30%), R&D Software Engineer B.Sc. in Computer Science from the University of Massachusetts Boston, USA (Dean's List and the Academic Council award for outstanding scholars). Ex-R&D Software Engineer, M.Sc. in Computer Science and Ph.D. Candidate. Strong experience in design and
	development of new DAQ software for radiation detection system prototyping.
Key Research Facilities, Infrastructure and Equipment	CLEVER participates to the software development part of the DAQ system. The company utilizes through its business incubation by the 1 st technological incubator in France its facilities (offices, laboratories, servers). As located on the technological plateau of Paris-Saclay (research intensive & business cluster), it has also privileged access to the partners facilities CEA, CNRS, Paris-Sud, Evry as well as Saint-Quentin Universities.
Status of Research Premises	The Technology department participating in the DAQ software development of the project operates at CLEVER OPERATION independent research premises located at IncubAlliance.
Previous Involvement in Research and Training Programmes	Development of: novel data acquisition (DAQ) system and readout electronics for Fermi National Laboratory (Chicago IL); novel high-resolution imaging system with DAQ, Digital Pixel Sensor readout electronics matched pixel by pixel to highly pixelated CdZnTe sensor; novel in-situ measurement system using portable HP-Germanium for field samples assay; novel gamma/neutron/x-ray detectors using innovative scintillators and solid-state detector technologies: CMOS-SiPM, CLYC/SrI2/LaBr3/CeBr3; Stand-Off Radiation Detection System for HomeLand Security, a collaborative effort between Raytheon IDS, RMD, BTI, MIT and the Univ. of Michigan.
Current Involvement in Research and Training Programmes	NEWS – New Windows on the universe and technological advancements from trilateral EU-US-Japan collaboration, (H2020-MSCA-RISE-2016, GA 734303).
Relevant Publications and/or Research / Innovation Product	 [1] R. Sia, "Performance of the LiF-TEA ring imaging Cherenkov detector at CLEO," Nuclear Instruments and Methods in Physics Research A 553, 1-2, (2005) 323-327. [2] M. Artuso <i>et al.</i>, "Performance of a C4F8O gas radiator Ring Imaging Cherenkov Detector using Multi-Anode Photo Multiplier Tubes," Nuclear Instruments and Methods in Physics Research A 558, 2 (2006) 373-387. [3] R. Sia <i>et al.</i>, "Front End Electronics and Readout System For a Gas Radiator Ring Imaging Cherenkov Detector Using Multi-anode Photomultiplier Tubes," IEEE NSS-MIC Nuclear Science Symposium Conference Record, San Juan, Puerto Rico, Oct. 2005. [4] Radia Sia <i>et al.</i>, "Solid-State Photon-Counting Hybrid Detector Array for High-Resolution Multi-Energy X-ray Imaging," Nuclear Instruments and Methods in Physics Research A 652, 1 (2011) 470-473. [5] R. Sia <i>et al.</i>, "Neutron Detectors Based on CMOS Solid State PhotoMultipliers," Proc. SPIE, Vol. 7080,

Beneficiary Legal Name: Paul Scherrer Institute (PSI)			
General Description	PSI is the largest national research facility of Switzerland. One of its key missions is to host large scale research infrastructure for Swiss and international users. As such it operates the highest-power proton accelerator (HIPA) in the world that serves four target stations for secondary particles such as muons, pions and neutrons. Additionally, it hosts the Swiss Light Source SLS, the free-electron laser SwissFEL and a small proton cyclotron for proton therapy.		
Role and Profile of key people	A. Knecht, senior scientist, PSI; spokesperson of the international muX collaboration; member of the Mu3e collaboration; responsible for the piE5 beam line; coordinator of the HiMB project at PSI. S. Ritt, senior scientist, PSI; group leader of muon physics at PSI; co-spokesperson of the Mu3e collaboration; member of the MEG-II collaboration. M. Hildebrandt, senior scientist, PSI; group leader of detector development at PSI; member of the MEG-II and Mu3e collaborations.		
Key Research Facilities, Infrastructure and Equipment	The key facility of PSI for this project are its muon beams that can deliver over 10^8 muons/s to experiments. As a large research facility it also offers access to a large variety of support groups, workshops and equipment.		
Independent research premises?	The research facilities are owned by PSI and are independent from the other partners.		
Previous Involvement in Research and innovation actions	Listed here is only the involvement of the particle physics laboratory of PSI. As a whole, PSI, is involved in considerably more projects: - MC-PAD (2008-2012, FP7-PEOPLE-2007-1-1-ITN) - PSI-FELLOW (2012-2017, FP7-PEOPLE-2011-COFUND) - HiggsTools (2014-2017, FP7-PEOPLE-2012-ITN)		
Current involvement in Research and Innovation actions	Listed here are only the involvement of the particle physics laboratory of PSI. As a whole, PSI, is involved in considerably more projects: - SINE2020 (2015-2019, H2020-INFRADEV-1-2014-1) - PSI-FELLOW-II-3i (2016-2021, H2020-MSCA-COFUND-2015) - HyperMu (2017-2022, ERC-2016-COG)		
Publications and/or research/innovation products	[1] Bellgardt et al., "Search for the decay $\mu^+ \rightarrow e^+ e^+ e^-$ ", Nucl. Phys. B 299 , 1 (1988). [2] Bertl. Et al., "Search for μ – e conversion in muonic gold", Eur. Phys. J. C 47 , 337 (2006). [3] Baldini et al., "Search for the lepton flavor violating decay $\mu^+ \rightarrow e^+ \gamma$ with the full dataset of the MEG experiment", Eur. Phys. J. C 76 , 434 (2016).		

Beneficiary Legal Name: SE	MS P. C. (SEEMS)
General description	Seems P.C. is a high-tech start-up, focusing on the development of Internet of Things
•	solutions employing artificial intelligence and machine learning technologies. SEEMS is
	built on a team of inspired and hardworking innovation explorers, developing progressive
	technological solutions to facilitate the quality of the daily life.
Key Persons and Expertise	P. Soukoulias, MSc in Computer Science; Experience in multinational project
	management/coordination; National representative in NATO ICT agency (3 years);
	Participation in 31 R&D projects, acting as coordinator and/or scientist in charge in 9
	large-scale applied research and development projects (CERN/ESA) at European and
	national level in the Space/Defense/Industry sector. P. Kouris, Electrical and Computer
	Engineer, MSc in Advanced Engineering and in Mechatronics; Experience in Internet of Things Solutions, design of hardware, embedded software, web applications, IoT
	protocols, communication protocols, machine learning, statistics and bioinformatics.
	Leading role in more than 15 R&D projects. A. Soukoulia, Production and Management
	Engineer, Master in Business Administration; Experience in Quality Management
	Systems; Experience in ISO 9001, 27001, 20000 and ESA standards; Participation in 18
	European and National projects. Pn. Soukoulias, Software developer; Experience in web
	applications and computer networks; Experience in wireless networks, databases, cloud
	computing, grid computing, semantics technologies, distributed systems, networking
	visualization, network security and data privacy.
Key Research Facilities,	SEEMS researchers have a rich working profile with significant scientific experience in the
Infrastructure and	development of integrated solutions (hardware and software) and a strong engagement in
Equipment	R&D efforts in Greece and Europe. Possessing an extensive experience on IoT technology, over the last years, SEEMS engineers are mastering the power of dynamic monitoring,
	employing all types/kinds of existing sensors and applying AI techniques to convert raw
	data into valuable and exploitable information. SEEMS is equipped with the most
	advanced computing software resources. R&D Sector participating in the project operate at
	SEEMS independent premises.
Previous and Current	SEEMS personnel has been involved in several projects, including MEPS (4-year ESA
Involvement in Research	project) for development of Power Processing Unit for the Hall Effect Thruster Electric
and Training Programmes	Propulsion Subsystem for Small Satellites; EDUSAFE (MSCA-ITN) for the development
	of Smart Sensors Safety Systems for Remotely Monitoring personnel working in Extreme
	Environments (CERN Project); FTK (MSCA-IAPP) for the development of an Associative
	Memory based processor to perform online track reconstruction in the ATLAS silicon
	detector at LHC; INTELLIREMED (FP7-SME) for the low-cost remote monitoring for in- situ remediation of soil; ICYHEART (FP7-SME) for wireless cardiac monitoring;
	ALPINE (NSRF 2007-2013) for Environmental Management; ALTITUDE (FP7-SME) for
	the development of material alternative to Indium Tin Oxide; VALASIA (NSRF 2007-
	2013) for the development of sensors for quality control of fish farming; WELCOM
	(NSRF 2007-2013) for the development of sensors for industrial applications;
	ECOUILDING (NSRF 2007-2013) for the optimization of energy efficient enterprise
	building. SEEMS personnel is involved in several Horizon 2020 EU projects, including
	INTELLICONT for the development and manufacturing of intelligent lightweight
	composite aircraft container; MUSE (RISE 2015) for the development of the Mu2e and
	Muon (g-2) experiments at FNAL (USA); NEWS (RISE 2016) for the development of the Virge (Italy) LICO (USA) and KACPA (Japan) experimentary and
	Virgo (Italy), LIGO (USA) and KAGRA (Japan) gravitational wave interferometers, and Mu2e and Muon (g-2) experiments at FNAL (US) and IXPE NASA mission; FINESOL
	for the assembly of miniaturized PCBs by using low cost hyperfine solder powders;
	INTENSE (RISE 2018) for the development of the Short Baseline Neutrino Program,
	andMu2e and at Fermilab and Muography.
Relevant Publications	[1] V. Iakovoglou et al., "Innovative use of sensors to collect, analyze and forecast abiotic
and/or Research /	factors in order to improve productivity", International Conference on Agricultural
Innovation Product	Engineering: New Technologies for Sustainable Agricultural Production and Food Security
	(2014).

Beneficiary Legal Name: Ge	orgian Technical University (GTU)
General Description Role and Commitment of	 Georgian Technical University (GTU) is one of the biggest educational and scientific institution in Georgia and Caucasus region. GTU has been founded in 1917, became full member of European University Association EUA, and joined Bologna process in 2005. GTU has 12 faculties (covering Engineering, Technology, Natural sciences and Humanities) and 17 affiliated Scientific-Research Institutes. GTU scientific teams are actively involved on LHC experiments at CERN and at COMET experiment at J-Park, Japan. D. Lomidze - Deputy executive director at Technological Institute of Georgia. Head of
key persons (including supervisors)	D. Lonnuze - Deputy executive unector at rechnological institute of Georgia. Head of Experimental Physics Laboratory at GTU. GTU team leader at COMET experiment. Coordinator of Cosmic Ray Veto system of the COMET experiment. Coordinator of work package CMS-2016-01 at CMS (LHC, CERN). Member of CMS (CERN), COMET (J-Park) and NA62 (CERN) collaborations. A. Khvedelidze - Director at Institute of Quantum Physics and Engineering Technologies, Georgian Technical University. Leading researcher of Laboratory of Information Technologies, Joint Institute for Nuclear Research (JINR). Member of CMS (CERN) and COMET (J-PARC). Z. Tsamalaidze - Deputy director, Institute of Quantum Physics and Engineering Technologies, Georgian Technical University. Head of a separate scientific sector at Joint Institute for Nuclear Research (JINR). Member of CMS (CERN), COMET, E05, E10, E13, E19, E27, E40 (at J-PARC). Georgian representative in the CMS, CMS Collaboration Board (CB) member. Project leader from JINR to COMET. Member of COMET Collaboration Board (CB). A. Prangishvili - Academician, Professor, Rector of GTU. Member of Georgian Academy of Science. Member of European Academy Science and Arts. Member of UN international informatization academy. Plenipotentiary of Georgia at Financial Board of JINR. Z. Gasitashvili - Deputy rector in science at GTU. Head of science department at GTU. Member of Engineering National Academy. Member of International Academy of Engineering. I. Bagaturia - Associated Professor. Expert of high energy and nuclear physics detectors. Member of CMS and COMET experiments.
Key Research Facilities, Infrastructure and Equipment	GTU has 17 affiliated scientific-research institutions and 51 scientific research centers are successfully performing various scientific and engineering activities. Among them are dedicated laboratories for CMS and COMET experiments.
Status of Research Premises	All GTU departments participating to the project are independent research premises.
Previous Involvement in Research and Training Programmes	The GTU High Energy Physics and Nuclear Physics Group have a strong tradition of international collaborations and student involvement in world-leading research.
Current Involvement in Research and Training Programmes	GTU is involved in frontiers of high-energy physics experiments at LHC, CERN - CMS and ATLAS also, in to Coherent Muon to Electron Transition (COMET) experiment at J-Park, Japan. GTU team is aiming to build a Cosmic Ray Veto system for the COMET experiment which will have impressive muon counting efficiency >= 99.99%.
Relevant Publications and/or Research / Innovation Product	[1] G. Adamov, et al., COMET Phase-I Technical Design Report, arXiv:1812.09018. [2] CMS Collaboration, Observation of a new boson with a mass near 125 GeV, 10.1007 / JHEP06(2013) 081. [3] A. M. Sirunyan et al, Observation of Higgs boson decay to bottom quarks, 10.1103/PhysRevLett.121.121801. [4] D. Lomidze, et. all, (NA62 collaboration), First search for the K+ to pi+ nu nubar decay using the decay-in-flight technique, Phys. Lett. B 791 (2019) 156-166. [5] Tsanamalaidze et at, Observation of the diphoton decay of the Higgs boson and measurement of its properties, Eur.Phys.J. C74 (2014) no.10, 3076. [6] Tsamalaidze et al, Observation of the rare $B0s \rightarrow \mu + \mu -$ decay from the combined analysis of CMS and LHCb data

	perial College of Science, Technology and Medicine (Imperial
College London, IMC) General Description	Imperial College London is a university which focuses on the four main disciplines of
General Description	science, engineering, medicine and business with an international reputation for world class education and for excellence in research. Imperial College London has been ranked
	the 8th best university in the world, according to the Times Higher Education league table and QS World University Rankings as of 2019. There are approximately 8,000 staff in total and 17,000 students. 14 Nobel Laureates have been members of the College either as staff or students. Imperial holds a Silver Athena Swan award, which recognises advancing
	women's careers in science, technology, engineering, maths and medicine in academia. The Department of Physics is one of the largest in the UK, with about 900 undergraduate and 400 postgraduate students. The High Energy Physics Group, at over 140 people, is one of the largest in the UK.
Role and Commitment of key persons (including supervisors)	Y. Uchida, Professor of Physics, also Guest Professor at Osaka University; Member of COMET, T2K, Super-K and Hyper-K, and previously KamLAND and L3. Chair of the Collaboration Board and Physics Analysis and Software Working Group convener for COMET. Chair of the Publications Board and ND280 Software Working Group convener and Institutional Board representative for T2K. Co-Chair of the Rencontres du Vietnam Flavour Physics conference series. Supervisor of PhD students on COMET. D. Colling, Professor of Physics and e-Science; Member of COMET, CMS, MICE, and previously ALEPH. Technical Director of the GridPP computing collaboration between the UK and CERN. Head of GridPP computing at Imperial and the UK, and UK CMS Computing. J. Pasternak, Senior Lecturer in Accelerator Physics; Member of COMET, T2K, MICE, DUNE and nuSTORM. Chair of the PRISM Task Force on FFAG accelerator-based muon physics. P. Litchfield, Visiting academic and Lecturer in Particle Physics at the University of Glasgow. Member of COMET, T2K, Super-K and Hyper-K, and previously MINOS. Collaboration Board representative on COMET for Imperial College. P. Jonsson, Senior Instrument Manager; Member of COMET, T2K and Hyper-K, and previously DZero, OPERA and DELPHI. Chair of the COMET Analysis and Software meetings, and T2K ND280 Calibration Working Group convener. A. Rose, Electrical Engineer; Member of CMS. Co-designer of the FP7 data-acquisition and control card used by COMET, and the
Key Research Facilities, Infrastructure and Equipment	widely-used MP7 and Serenity high-performance data stream processors. The main Imperial College campus is situated in South Kensington in London, UK, and this is where the development facilities for the Department of Physics are located. Most development work is carried out by on-site teams of engineers and technicians, jointly with academics, researchers and students. This makes use of significant electronic and mechanical laboratories and workshops, and a major high-performance computing centre. The core computing facility is in the process of being relocated to the west of London, but the user-base will remain at South Kensington. The High Energy Physics Group has long- standing working relationships with international particle physics laboratories such as CERN, KEK, J-PARC and Fermilab.
Status of Research Premises	Research facilities are independently run and belong to Imperial College London.
Previous Involvement in Research and Training Programmes	The Imperial College High Energy Physics Group has a strong tradition of student involvement in world-leading research, from the discovery of nuclear pion capture by then- PhD student D. Perkins in 1947 to leading roles in the ALEPH Experiment at the Large Electron-Positron collider in the 1990s. Other major past experiments include ZEUS, BaBar, UA1, DZero, CALICE, TASSO, BEATRICE and ZEPLIN. Each of these has produced important research outputs as well as providing a training ground for numerous PhD, Masters and undergraduate students and more senior researchers.
Current Involvement in Research and Training Programmes	Current experiments in which Imperial has significant involvement include COMET, CMS, LHCb, T2K, LUX/ZEPLIN, MICE, PAMELA, SHiP, Super-Kamiokande, Hyper-Kamiokande, SuperNEMO, and DUNE. Roughly 40 PhD students are currently working within the group, alongside a similar number of postdocs and fellows.
Relevant Publications and/or Research / Innovation Product	[1] <i>COMET Phase-I Technical Design Report</i> , COMET Collaboration, arXiv:1812.0901 (to be published), [2] <i>Precise Measurement of the Neutrino Mixing Parameter \theta_{23}</i> <i>from Muon Neutrino Disappearance in an Off-Axis Beam</i> T2K Collaboration, Phys.Rev.Lett. 112 (2014) no.18, 181801, [3] <i>First particle-by-particle measurement of</i> <i>emittance in the Muon Ionization Cooling Experiment</i> MICE Collaboration, RAL-P-2018- 005, arXiv:1810.13324, [4] <i>The MP7 and CTP-6: multi-hundred Gbps processing boards</i> <i>for calorimeter trigger upgrades at CMS</i> A. Rose et al, 2012 JINST 7 C12024, [5] <i>Observation of the Higgs boson decay to a pair of</i> τ <i>leptons with the CMS detector</i> CMS Collaboration, Phys.Lett. B779 (2018) 283-316

Beneficiary Legal Name: Europe	an Organization For Nuclear Research (CERN)
General Description	CERN is a European research organization that operates the largest particle physics laboratory in the world. CERN's main function is to provide the particle accelerators and other infrastructures needed for high-energy physics research. The laboratory in has $\sim 2,500$ scientific, technical, and administrative staff members, and hosts 12,000 users annually.
Role and Profile of key people	M. Nessi: head of the CERN Neutrino Platform project, which includes the ICARUS overhauling phase for the SBN project, former Technical coordinator of the ATLAS experiment at the LHC- Full professor at the University of Geneva. F. Pietropaolo , INFN Senior Researcher, presently at CERN Research Associate, fully involved in the development of the liquid argon TPC technique and in the ICARUS experiment. P. Sala , INFN Senior Researcher, now CERN Research Associate, involved in the ICARUS experiment at Gran Sasso and in the next SBN project in particular in the required software developed within the FLUKA framework. D. Tommasini: PhD in Electrical Engineering; CERN researcher, experience of high field superconducting magnets Head of the Normal Conducting Magnets and manager of more than 5000 magnets at CERN since 2008; Responsible of the CERN Magnet Development Program for the FCC, including the 16T dipole R&D in the framework of a large international collaboration.
Key Research Facilities, Infrastructure and Equipment	The Neutrino Platform is CERN's undertaking to foster and contribute to fundamental research in neutrino physics at particle accelerators worldwide, as recommended by the 2013 European Strategy for Particle Physics. It includes the provision of a R&D facility in a newly built test-beam hall on CERN's Prévessin site at CERN to allow the global neutrino community to develop and prototype the next generation of neutrino detectors. It will also support state-of-the-art technologies in the fields of cryogenics, magnets and beam lines, as well as integration and assembly techniques. Two large neutrino detectors, the single- and dual-phase protoDUNE modules are being built at CERN, prototypes of the future Deep Underground Neutrino Experiment (DUNE) detector, the construction of which has recently begun in the United States. Each of these detectors is a 10x10x10-metre Liquid Argon Time Projection Chamber, with a single or dual-phase configuration, containing about 800 tonnes of liquid argon.
Independent research premises?	Research facilities are owned by CERN and independent from other beneficiaries/partner organization in the consortium.
Previous Involvement in Research and innovation actions	Several important achievements in particle physics have been made through experiments at CERN. They include among several others 1973: The discovery of neutral currents in the Gargamelle bubble chamber; 1983: The discovery of W and Z bosons in the UA1 and UA2 experiments; 2012: The long-sought Higgs boson was CERN is also the birthplace of the World Wide Web. More recently, CERN has become a facility for the development of grid computing, hosting projects including the Enabling Grids for E-sciencE (EGEE) and LHC Computing Grid. 37 patents in the CERN portfolio at the end of 2009 • An average of 3.7 new patents per year; • 51% of the patents are related to the LHC program; • 22% are in co-ownership (academia, industry: filed as a result of partnerships).
Current involvement in Research and Innovation actions	The LHC program has fostered a rich variety of technologies and know-how with 50% transfer of the technology portfolio being exploited. CERN, in collaboration with groups worldwide, is investigating two main concepts for future accelerators: A linear electron-positron collider with a new acceleration concept to increase the energy (CLIC) and a larger version of the LHC, a project currently named Future Circular Collider. CERN OpenLab is a collaboration between CERN and several industrial partners to develop new knowledge in Information and Communication Technologies through the evaluation of advanced solutions and joint research to be used by the worldwide community of scientists.
Publications and/or research/innovation products	[1] G. Aielli et al. Phys. Lett. B 716 (2012) 1; [2] G. Aielli et al. Phys.Rev. Lett. 110 (2013) 011802; [3] M. Antonova et al., JINST 12 (2017) C07028; [4] T. Cervi et al., JINST 12 (2017) no.03, C03007; [3] M. Antonello et al., JINST 12 (2017) P0401,

Beneficiary Legal Name: Tel Aviv University (TAU)		
General Description	TAU is one of the leading universities in Israel with over 30,000 students. TAU is the center of teaching and research of Tel Aviv, comprising 9 faculties, 17 teaching hospitals, 18 performing arts centers, 27 schools, 106 departments, 340 research centers and 400 laboratories.	
Role and Profile of key people	E. Piasetkzy , Prof. of Physics at TAU and incumbent of the Wolfson chair in experimental physics. Member of the nuclear physics board of directors of the European physical society 2011-2017, and elected fellow of the American Physical Society. Spokesperson and participate in experiments at PSI, CERN, SLAC, LAMPF, TRIUMF, BNL, JLAB, FNAL, Dubna, GSI, MAINZ. G. Laskaris , Postdoctoral associate at MIT and TAU. Expert in polarized targets, detector development, analysis and simulations. E. O. Cohen , Senior graduate student at TAU. Expert in electron and neutrino-nucleus interactions. Spokesperson of an experiment at JLAB. S. Lupu , Senior graduate student at TAU. Expert in Machine learning. D. Vidne , Electronic engineer at TAU. Expert in fast electronics design and detector development.	
Key Research Facilities, Infrastructure and Equipment	The nuclear physics group at the school of physics and astronomy has a state-of-the- art laboratory for detector development and testing, and computer resources for calculations, analyses, and simulations.	
Independent research premises?	The research facilities are owned by TAU.	
Previous Involvement in Research and innovation actions	The TAU experimental group has developed the large-acceptance detectors for experiments at Jefferson Lab (Big-Bite and HAND). The TAU group has also developed a multi-foil target system for polarization transfer measurements at MAINZ.	
Current involvement in Research and Innovation actions	The TAU group is developing a SiPM-based beam hodoscope for the MUSE experiment at PSI, and a pair-spectrometer for measurements at Dubna. We are also currently developing two neutron detectors for experiments at JLAB: LAND and BAND. We are involved in the MicroBooNE experiment at FNAL, the MUSE experiment at PSI, a few projects at Jefferson Lab and MAINZ, and research projects utilizing high-energy hadron facilities in Europe (GSI and Dubna).	
Publications and/or research/innovation products	 Evidence for the strong dominance of proton-neutron correlations in nuclei, E.Piasetrzky,M.Sargsian, L. Frankfurt, M. Strikman, and J. W. Watson Phys. Rev. Lett. 97, 162504 (2006). Probing Cold Dense Nuclear Matter, with R. Subedi et al., Science 320, 1426 (2008). Momentum sharing in imbalanced Fermi systems, O. Hen et al., Science 346, 614 (2014). 	

Beneficiary Legal Name: University of Bern (UNIBE)			
General Description	The University of Bern is one of the top ranked international universities in the world. With nearly 18000 students, is a mid-size institution with 8 faculties, more than 350 professors and a yearly budget of about exceeding 700 million CHF. UNIBE has several excellence centers with special status, One of those is the Albert Einstein Center for Fundamental Physics (AEC), to which all Bern researchers involved in this project are affiliated.		
Role and Profile of key people	Michele Weber is associate professor of physics. His main fields of expertise include collider physics (ATLAS experiment at the LHC) and neutrino physics (SBN project in particular, with key management roles). The Bern group is complemented by several post docs and PhD students involved in the subjects of this proposal. Antonio Ereditato is full professor for experimental particle physics, director of LHEP and of the AEC. He is a recognized expert of neutrino physics with more that 1000 scientific publications. Member of international committees of funding agencies, of scientific evaluation panels and of international conferences. Supervisor of more than 50 Master and PhD students. Igor Kreslo is associate professor of physics, with an outstanding track record in detector development. His expertise covers most of particle detectors features: tracking, cryogenics, calorimeters, photodevices, electronics, readout and DAQ. Michele Weber is associate professor of physics. His main fields of expertise include collider physics (ATLAS experiment at the LHC) and neutrino physics (SBN project in particular, with key management roles). The Bern group is complemented by several post docs and PhD students involved in the subjects of this proposal.		
Key Research Facilities, Infrastructure and Equipment	The Bern group has in house large infrastructure: cryogenic labs, detector assembly halls, electronics workshop, mechanical workshop, IT computing center (ATLAS Tier2). This is supported by engineers and technicians with an outstanding track record.		
Independent research premises?	All the above mentioned infrastructure belongs to LHEP-AEC.		
Previous Involvement in Research and innovation actions	In recent years, we have been leading efforts on the OPERA experiment and in the XENON project. In past years also on the UA2 experiment at the CERN spsc collider. Our people have been awarded for this many third party funding grants (e.g. from the Swiss SNSF and from EU).		
Current involvement in Research and Innovation actions	The Bern group is presently involved in the ATLAS experiment at the CERN LHC, on the SBN program at FNAL, on the DUNE project at FNAL, on the T2K experiment at J-PARC. We are also active in the filed of medical physics at the Bern hospital cyclotron, on cosmic-muon physics, on antimatter experiments, on ultracold neutron physics, and on R&D studies of novel particle detectors.		
Publications and/or research/innovation products	 A. Ereditato et al. "Measurement of muon antineutrino oscillations with an accelerator-produced off-axis beam", Phys. Rev. Lett. 116 (18), p. 181801 (2016). A. Ereditato et a. "Measurement of the muon neutrino inclusive charged current cross section in the energy range of 1-3 GeV with the T2K INGRID detector", Phys. Rev. D 93(7) p.72002 (2016). A. Ereditato "The discovery of the appearance of muon neutrino – tau neutrino oscillations" Nuclear Physics B, 908, pp. 116-129 (2016). A. Ereditato et al. "Discovery of tau neutrino appearance in the CNGS neutrino beam with the OPERA experiment", Phys. Rev. Lett. 115(12), p. 121802 (2015). A. Ereditato et al. "The Opera experiment", Nuclear and Particle Physics Proceedings, 267-269, pp. 87-93 (2015). 		

Beneficiary Legal Name: Institut Dresden, TUD)	e of Nuclear and Particle Physics (Technische Universität
General Description	The Technische Universität Dresden (TUD) is one of the largest "Technische Universitäten" in Germany and one of the leading and most dynamic universities in Germany, certified with the name "Excellence University". The Institute of Nuclear and Particle Physics at TU Dresden conducts basic research in the field of experimental and theoretical elementary particle physics, on the structure and formation of our universe as well as on interactions between its smallest constituents. Furthermore, it comprises 7 working groups with a total of more than 80 employees and students. In addition, there are close co-operations with the Helmholtz Center Dresden-Rossendorf (HZDR), the European Research Center CERN and the Gran Sasso Laboratory (LNGS) as well as other national and international research facilities like SNOLAB, GSI/FAIR and TRIUMF.
Role and Profile of key people	 K. Zuber, Professor of Physics, Member of the COMET, GERDA, LEGEND, SNO+, BOREXINO, DARWIN, R3B, ISOLTRAP and COBRA (he is spokesperson of the latter since 2002) and previously GALLEX, Heidelberg-Moscow, HARP, NOMAD, SNO, H1, Neutron-EDM and AQUA-RICH. Chairman of the 5th Solar Neutrino Conference (Dresden), Co-Chairman of the Capture Gamma Ray Spectroscopy Conference (Dresden) and Co-Chairman of the Weak interactions in Nuclei (WIN) in South Africa. Author of two textbooks (Particle Astrophysics in German, English and Russia) and Neutrino Physics (English) D. Stöckinger, Professor of Physics, Member of the COMET and g-2 collaboration
Key Research Facilities, Infrastructure and Equipment	Most of the technical research equipment is directly located in the main building of IKTP in Dresden. There are mechanics and electronics workshops which directly cooperate with academics to enable fast and efficient development work. A central scientific institution of the TU Dresden is the high-performance computing cluster (ZIH). It is located directly on campus and provides access to core computing facilities as well as a team of computing experts. Since 2016, in a joint effort with the HZDR, TU Dresden is building the first underground accelerator facility in Germany at the Felsenkeller underground site. The accelerator will provide intense, 50 μ A, beams of ¹ H ⁺ , ⁴ He ⁺ , and ¹² C ⁺ ions, enabling research on astrophysically relevant nuclear reactions with unprecedented sensitivity. Furthermore long-living alpha-half-life measurements and beta decay spectral shapes can be measured.
Independent research premises?	Various research facilities like a high-intensity 14 MeV DT-generator, low background gamma spectroscopy detectors and an Underground Accelerator (in cooperation with HZDR) belong to TU Dresden.
Previous Involvement in Research and innovation actions	Traditionally the group at TU Dresden is involved in many world leading particle physics experiments. The non-exhaustive list ranges from B-physics and nuclear structure reactions up to neutrino physics. These contributions not only produce important research outputs like the discovery of neutrino oscillations with SNO, awarded with the Nobel price of physics 2015, but also provide a training ground for numerous PhD, Masters and undergraduate students.
Current involvement in Research and Innovation actions	The Institute of Nuclear and particle physics of TU Dresden is involved in various experiments in the area of nuclear, particle and astroparticle physics. Currently these are COMET, GERDA, LEGEND, SNO+, BOREXINO, DARWIN, R3B, ISOLTRAP, SNO, COBRA and ATLAS.
Publications and/or research/innovation products	 [1] COMET Phase-I Technical Design Report, COMET Collaboration, arXiv:1812.0901 (to be published), [2] Results on neutrinoless double beta decay of Ge-76 from phase I of the GERDA experiment, Phys. Rev. Lett. 111 (2013)233504 [3] Measurement of the total active B-8 solar neutrino flux at the Sudbury Neutrino Observatory with enhanced neutral current sensitivity, Phys. Rev. Lett. 92 (2004), 181301, [4] Comprehensive measurement of pp-chain solar neutrinos, Nature 562 (2018)505, [5] Masses of exotic calcium isotopes pin down nuclear force, Nature 498 (2014) 346 [6] The electroweak contributions to (g-2) muon after the Higgs boson mass measurement, Phys. Rev. D 88 (2013) 053005, [7] The Muon magnetic moment and supersymmetry, J. Phys. G (2007) R45, [8] Precise prediction for m(W) in the MSSM, JHEP 0608 (2006) 076, [9] Gauge dependence and renormalization of tan beta in the MSSM, Phys. Rev. D 66 (2002) 095014, [10] Muon (g-2): Experiment and theory (2012), Ann. Rev. Nucl. Part. Sci. 62, 237

Beneficiary Legal Name: Centre national de la recherche scientifique (CNRS)	
General Description	CNRS is a government-funded research organisation, under the administrative authority of France's Ministry of Research. CNRS's annual budget represents a quarter of French public spending on civilian research. As the largest fundamental research organisation in Europe, CNRS carries out research in all fields of knowledge, through its ten institutes. The National Institute of Nuclear and Particle Physics (IN2P3) of CNRS promotes research in the fields of nuclear physics, particle and astroparticle physics and coordinates programmes within these fields on behalf of CNRS and French universities. IN2P3 runs major national facilities including particle accelerators and supports international facilities (e.g. CERN, EGO/VIRGO).
Role and Profile of key people	C. Cârloganu, CNRS senior researcher. Member of COMET Institutional Board (IB). LPC coordinator for the AIDA2020 program. Member of the Steering Committee of France-Japan LIA. PI of the TOMUVOL collaboration, Co-PI of the DIRE collaboration (2018). Previously member of ANTARES, LHCb, CALICE and Clervolc Labex Steering Committee (2011). V. Niess, CNRS senior researcher, expert in high level data analysis and simulations and in particle and astroparticle physics (ANTARES, LHCb, CKMFitter, TREND/GRAND, TOMUVOL). Lecturer in instrumentation at UCA. JC. Angelique, University Professor at engineer school ENSICAEN. Member of COMET IB. Radiation Safety officer. Expert in Monte Carlo simulations. G. Ban, University Professor at engineer school ENSICAEN. Director of LPC-CAEN research laboratory. Member of COMET and nEDM, expert in data analysis. G. Quemener, senior researcher. Member of COMET. Previously member of nEDM. Expert in electric and magnetic fields computing, tracking, simulations and data analysis. W. da Silva, senior assistant professor at Sorbonne University. Member of COMET IB. Previously member of CELLO, DELPHI, ILC Silicon Tracking and LHCb. Expert in high-level data analysis and simulations. F. Kapusta, CNRS senior researcher. Member of COMET. Previously member of CELLO, DELPHI, ILC Silicon Tracking and LHCb. Expert in high-level data analysis and simulations. P. Lebrun, CNRS senior researcher. Previously member of L3 at LEP and D0 at FNAL. Expert in high level data analysis (Higgs searches using its decay into invisible particles, high-precision measurement of the W boson mass), co-convener of the "MC production" and Cal/ICD Software groups in D0. Expert for the D0 liquid argon calorimeter calibration. S. Niccolai, Director of Research; head of the high-energy physics groups at IPN Orsay; head of the JLab team at IN2P3; member of CLAS and HPS; member of the Nuclear Physics board of the EPS; spokesperson of the GPD-ACT JRA part of the STRONG-2020 project; spokesperson and run-group coordinator f
Key Research Facilities, Infrastructure and Equipment	LPC, LPC-Caen, LPNHE and IP2I are IN2P3/CNRS laboratories, each with more than 100 permanent and numerous non-permanent staff. They have large technical departments (mechanics, mechanical workshops, electronics, micro-electronics, computing) and administrative staff. LPC hosts and ensures maintenance and operation for a Tier-2 of the LHC computing grid and all laboratories are supported by CC-IN2P3 computing centre, acting as COMET data and software centre. IP2I and LPC have the infrastructure (clean rooms, etc) for building and commissioning cutting-edge GRPC detectors employed for COMET CRV.
Independent research premises?	All research premises are independent.
Previous Involvement in Research and innovation actions	IN2P3 took part in numerous FP6, FP7 and H2020 projects (e.g. EGEE-III, EDGES, ILC-HiGrade, EUCARD, AIDA, EUDET), and received 13 ERC awards. IN2P3 research teams are regularly funded through competitive grants from the French research agency "ANR".
Current involvement in Research and Innovation actions	IN2P3 is a key contributor to ATLAS, CMS and LHCb at CERN, including detector upgrades for HL-LHC. It participates to the R&D for ILC, FAIR-CBM, neutrino physics, LSST and CTA observatory. IN2P3 is involved in 13 H2020 ongoing projects (Infrastructures, NFRP and RISE) and coordinates two of them.
Publications and/or research/innovation products	[1] COMET Collab, "COMET Phase-I Technical Design Report", arXiv:1812.09018 [2] COMET Collab, "A submission to the 2020 update of the European Strategy for Particle Physics on behalf of the COMET collaboration", https://arxiv.org/abs/1812.07824. [3] V. Niess et al, "Backward Monte-Carlo applied to muon transport", Comput.Phys.Commun. 229 (2018) 54-67 (2018-08), arXiv:1705.05636.[4] CALICE Collab, "First results of the CALICE SDHCAL technological prototype", JINST 11 (2016) no.04, P04001, "First evidence of hard scattering processes in very low Q2 single tagged photon-photon collisions using the DELPHI VSAT detector", Phys.Lett. B342, 402 (1995). [5] W.da Silva, F. Kapusta "An analytical expression of the asymptotic QED cross-section of four lepton two- pair production in gamma-gamma collisions", Phys.Lett.B 718 (2012) 577-578

Beneficiary Legal Name: Commis (CEA)	Beneficiary Legal Name: Commissariat à l'énergie atomique et aux énergies alternatives (CEA)	
General Description	CEA is a French public company, involved in the fundamental research as well as in applied research. According to Reuter's ranking, it is the world's most innovative public research organisation. It is a key member of the Paris-Saclay university that will gather the top-ranking French laboratories, engineering schools and the Paris Sud university.	
Role and Profile of key people	Dr. M. Defurne : Staff scientist and Head of the Jefferson Lab physics group at CEA Saclay since 2015 after a PhD in hadronic physics. Member of Hall A and CLAS12 collaborations of Jefferson Lab. Spokesperson of one Jefferson Lab experiment. Institute representative of CEA for CLAS12 collaboration. Advisor of two PhD students doing CLAS12 data analysis. Teacher in the Nuclei-particle-astrophysics-cosmology master of Paris Saclay university. Dr. F. Bossu is staff scientist of Irfu/DPhN at CEA-Saclay since Oct. 2017. He is a member of the CLAS collaboration at Jefferson Lab. In the past, he has been part of ALICE and LHCb experiments at the Large Hadron Collider. He has covered roles of responsibility both on the coordination of analysis working group and on detector activities. Dr. F. Sabatié , Head of the CEA Saclay Nuclear Physics Department, spokesperson of 6 Jefferson Lab experiments (Halls A & B)	
Key Research Facilities, Infrastructure and Equipment	CEA activities and expertise cover from particle detectors to theory. The electronics and detector division of CEA owns laboratories and equipment with which the Micromegas vertex tracker of CLAS12 spectrometer has been designed and realized. CEA has access to computing grids, allowing to perform massive data analysis and Monte-Carlo simulation. Finally a strong theory group, leader of GPD phenomenology, supports and enhances the experimental activities at Jefferson Lab.	
Independent research premises?	The beneficiary organization is wholly independent concerning its research premises.	
Previous Involvement in Research and innovation actions	In the past, CEA was involved in HP1, HP2, HP3, FP7 EURONS and ENSAR research programs.	
Current involvement in Research and Innovation actions	CEA is involved in many international experimental programs: at CERN (COMPASS, ALICE, ATLAS, etc), at Jefferson Lab in the US, in Japan at RIKEN. It is currently involved in the H2020 ENSAR2 and AIDA 2020 projet IA research programs. Finally it is one of the key members of the Paris-Saclay university.	
Publications and/or research/innovation products	[1] A glimpse of gluons through deeply virtual Compton scattering, M. Defurne, F. Sabatié et al., Nat. comm. 8, 1408. [2] Rosenbluth separation of the pi0 electroproduction cross section, M. Defurne, F. Sabatié et al., Phys. Rev. Lett. 117, 262001. [3] The E00-110 experiment in Jefferson Lab's Hall A: Deeply Virtual Compton Scattering off the Proton at 6 GeV, M. Defurne, F. Sabatié et al., Phys.Rev. C92 (2015) no.5, 0552022013. [4] PARTONS: PARtonic Tomography Of Nucleon Software: A computing framework for the phenomenology of Generalized Parton Distributions, H. Moutarde, F. Sabatié et al., Eur. Phys. J. C. 78, 478. [5] Timelike and spacelike deeply virtual Compton scattering at next-to-leading order – H. Moutarde, B. Pire, F. Sabatié, L. Szymanowski, J.Wagner, PRD87 (2013) 5, 0540292013. [6] From hard exclusive meson electroproduction to deeply virtual Compton scattering – P. Kroll, H. Moutarde and F. Sabatié, Eur.Phys.J. C73 (2013) 22782011. [7] Measurements of the Lorentz angle with a Micromegas detector in high transverse magnetic fields – P. Konczykowski, F. Sabatié et al., NIM A621, 17.	

	Beneficiary Legal Name: University of Glasgow (UGLS)	
General Description	Founded in 1451, the University of Glasgow has a tradition of excellence as the UK's fourth oldest university. It is a member of the elite Russell Group of leading UK research universities, a founding member of Universitas21, and of the Guild of European Research-Intensive Universities. UoG has fostered the talents of seven Nobel laureates, Scotland's first female medical graduates, and includes among its alumni, some of the world's most renowned innovators, from scientist Lord Kelvin, economist Adam Smith, to the pioneer of television John Logie Baird. Ranked 69 in the world (QS World Rankings 2019), UoG is a world-leading research-intensive institution, attracting scholars from more than 130 countries worldwide each year. In recognition of employment practices that support the careers of women in science, technology, engineering, mathematics and medicine (STEMM) in higher education, UoG has been awarded an Athena SWAN Institutional Bronze Award as well as the European Commission's 'HR excellence in research' award.	
Role and Commitment of key persons (including supervisors)	 D. Ireland, Professor of Physics; Head of Nuclear Physics Research Group; Director of Research in the School of Physics and Astronomy; Past Chair of CLAS collaboration, Jefferson Lab, US; Chair, International Nuclear Physics Conference 2019; D. Hamilton is the co-spokesperson of the experimental proposals E12-09-019, E12-17-004, E12-14-003 and E12-17-008 at JLab Hall A. R. Montgomery is an STFC Ernest Rutherford Fellow and is co-spokesperson of experimental proposals E12-06-122, C12-15-006 at C12-15-006A at JLab Hall A. D. Sokhan is the co-spokesperson of the experimental proposals E12-01-003 and E12-06-122, C12-15-006 at C12-15-006A at JLab Hall A. 	
Key Research Facilities, Infrastructure and Equipment	The main University of Glasgow campus is situated in the city of Glasgow, UK, which includes the School of Physics and Astronomy. Most development work is carried out by on-site teams of academics, researchers, technicians and students. The Nuclear and Hadron Physics group has a PC farm for data storage and processing, and testing facilities for the development of new detector systems. It also has long-standing working relationships with international laboratories such as Jefferson Lab, DESY and MAMI in Mainz, Germany	
Status of Research Premises	Research facilities are independently run and belong to the University of Glasgow.	
Previous Involvement in Research and Training Programmes	The University of Glasgow Nuclear and Hadron Physics Group has been supported by a series of Consolidated Grants from STFC, and was the lead partner in the UK's contribution to the JLab Upgrade project. It has previously been awarded funding from several of the EU Framework programmes, and has a long record of student involvement in the research programmes based at international facilities. All of these has resulted in important research outputs, strong collaborative ties and has provided a training ground for numerous PhD and more senior researchers.	
Current Involvement in Research and Training Programmes	The group is currently involved at Jefferson Lab, through the CLAS collaboration, the Hall A/C collaborations (SBS) and GlueX. Another programme is the A2 collaboration at MAMI. Mainz, Germany. There are also links with detector development activities at the European Spallation Source (ESS) in Lund, Sweden. Current support is from the UK's STFC and as a work package leader in a Horizon2020 award.	
Relevant Publications and/or Research / Innovation Product	[1] Measurement of the beam spin asymmetry of $e \rightarrow p \rightarrow e' p' \eta$ in the deep-inelastic regime with CLAS, B Zhao, et al., Physics Letters B 789, 426-431 2019) [2] First Exclusive Measurement of Deeply Virtual Compton Scattering off : Toward the 3D Tomography of Nuclei, M Hattawy, et al, Physical review letters 119 (20), 202004 (2017) [3] Measurement of two-photon exchange effect by comparing elastic cross sections, D Rimal, et al., Physical Review C 95 (6), 065201 (2017) [4] Cross sections for the exclusive photon electroproduction on the proton and Generalized Parton Distributions, HS Jo, et al, Physical Review Letters 115 (21), 212003 (2015) [5] Single and double spin asymmetries for deeply virtual Compton scattering measured with CLAS and a longitudinally polarized proton target, S Pisano, et al, Physical Review D 91 (5), 052014	

Beneficiary Legal Name: Saes Rial Vacuum (SRV)	
General Description	Construction of superconducting magnets and design and construction of UHV setups
Role and Commitment of key persons (including supervisors)	F. Gangini project manager, M. Canetti R&D engineer, L. Corradini quality engineer, G. Pinotti workshop manager
Key Research Facilities, Infrastructure and Equipment	R&D, Production and Test facilities for superconducting magnets and UHV setups for accelerators, R&D and industrial production. In house design, precision machining, assembly and quality assurance.
Status of Research Premises	SRV owns its R&D, design, manufacture and QA laboratories.
Previous Involvement in Research and Training Programmes	Production of components for LHC, ESRF and others. Production of the high order corrector prototypes for the HL-LHC prototypes.
Current Involvement in Research and Training Programmes	Construction of the prototypes of the high order correctors for HL-LHC. Series production of 54 high order correctors for HL-LHC, divided into five families from skew quadrupole to dodecapole.
Relevant Publications and/or Research / Innovation Product	[1] Construction and Cold Test of the Superferric Dodecapole High Order Corrector for the LHC High Luminosity Upgrade, IEEE Transactions on Applied Superconductivity (Volume: 29, Issue: 5, Aug. 2019)

PROBES

Partner Organisation Legal Name: Fermi Research Alliance (FRA)	
General description	FRA manages the Fermi National Accelerator Laboratory (FNAL) for the US Department of Energy Office of Science. FNAL was founded in 1967 and sits on a 6800 acre campus
	just outside Chicago, Illinois. FNAL is America's premier particle physics laboratory.
	Collaborating with thousands of scientists from around the world, FNAL performs
	pioneering research at the frontiers of discovery.
Key Persons and Expertise	E. Barzi , APS Fellow, FNAL Scientist, leader of superconductor strand and cable R&D at Fermilab, coordinator of superconductor R&D US Interlab Program. B. Casey , FNAL Scientist, Head of the Particle Physics Division's Muon Department, which hosts the g-2 and Mu2e experiments, L2 manager for the g-2 detector upgrades, member of the D0 Collaboration. D. Glenzinski , APS Fellow, FNAL Scientist, Deputy Head of the PPD Muon Department, Mu2e Collaboration spokesperson, member of the CDF Collaboration. R. Ray , FNAL Scientist, Project Manager for the Mu2e experiment. J. Whitmore , FNAL Scientist, Deputy Project Manager for the Mu2e experiment. A. Lyon , FNAL Scientist, Associate Division Head for System for Scientific Applications. A. Fava , Associated Scientist, Wilson Fellow, Neutrino Division. F. Cavanna , FNAL Scientist, co-coordinator of the ProtoDUNE experiment. O. Palamara , FNAL Scientist, Neutrino Division deputy Group. G. Stancari , FNAL Scientist, Head of the Accelerator Research Department; Co-
	PI of a FNAL Laboratory-Directed Research and Development (LDRD) grant on quantum effects in undulator radiation, and the physics and technology of electron lenses
Key Research Facilities,	FNAL consists of 8 Divisions and Sections that maintain and operate world-class
Infrastructure and	laboratory, accelerator, and computing facilities. The FNAL accelerator complex is one of
Equipment	the most sophisticated in the world and currently provides beam to several experiments and test beam facilities including MINOS+, NOvA, MINERvA, MicroBooNE, SBND, and ICARUS. The complex is currently being upgraded to provide beam to the Muon (g-2) and Mu2e experiments. All the FNAL Divisions are independent research premises, including the Particle Physics Division, which hosts the neutrino and Muon Campus experiments.
Status of Research	All the above mentioned infrastructures belong to FNAL.
Premises	
Previous and Current Involvement in Research and Training Programmes	FNAL has a long history of hosting or collaborating in world-class particle physics experiments, including CDF, D0, KTeV, NuTeV, and MiniBooNe. FNAL currently hosts MINOS+, NOvA, MINERvA, MicroBooNE, CDF, D0, Muon(SBND, ICARUS, DUNE, experiment and the LBNF facility. FNAL currently collaborates on the PICO, DarkSide, CDMS, DES, SDSS, and COUPP experiments.
Relevant Publications and/or Research / Innovation Product	[1] L. Bartoszek, et al. (Mu2e Experiment), Mu2e Technical Design Report, arXiv:1501.05241 (2015). [2] R. Acciarri et al. (MicroBooNE Collaboration), "Design and Construction of the MicroBooNE Detector", JINST 12 (2017), no. 02, P02017. [3] M. Antonello et al., (MicroBooNE, LAr1-ND and ICARUS-WA104 Collaborations), "A Proposal for a Three Detector Short-Baseline Neutrino Oscillation Program in the Fermilab Booster Neutrino Beam", 2015, arXiv:1503.01520 [physics.ins-det].

PROBES

Partner Legal Name: Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory (LBNL) Physics Division	
General Description	LBNL is a multi-purpose United States National Laboratory conducting scientific research
	in a wide range of subjects. The LBNL Physics Division participates in experimental and
	theoretical research relating to Cosmology, Dark Matter searches, and Particle Physics at
	both the intensity and energy frontiers, with a staff of over 50 staff scientists, over 60
	postdocs, over 50 graduate students, and associated engineers and technical staff. For
Dala and Canadita ant of	details see https://commons.lbl.gov/display/physics/Physics+Division+Home
Role and Commitment of	N. Roe , director of the Physics Division of LBNL. D. Brown , Senior Scientist in the
key persons (including	Physics Division of LBNL; Principle Investigator on the Mu2e experiment; Executive
supervisors)	board member of Mu2e; Institutions board member of Mu2e; Co-coordinator of software and computing of Mu2e; Calibration coordinator of Mu2e; Former Physics co-coordinator
	of the Super-B experiment; Former Principle Investigator of the BaBar experiment. D .
	Dwyer , Staff Scientist in the Physics Division of LBNL; Principle Investigator on the
	DUNE Experiment; Lead developer for cryogenic pixelated LArTPC readout for DUNE;
	Former analysis committee chair for the Daya Bay Experiment.
Key Research Facilities,	The LBNL Physics Division is located at the main LBNL site in Berkeley, California, just
Infrastructure and	above the Berkeley campus of the University of California. This site hosts an operating
Equipment	cyclotron used for particle irradiation studies, a silicon foundry for developing custom ICs,
-4	and lab space for developing, assembling and testing electronics and particle detectors.
Status of Research	The LBNL Berkeley site has been an active research premise for nearly 90 years.
Premises	
Previous Involvement in	LBNL Physics Division has a long history of development and construction of detectors,
Research and Training	electronics and software for particle and astro-particle physics, and scientific research at
Programmes	many of the most important experiments in particle physics, including TPC, Mark II, SLD,
	CDF, D0, HyperCP, BaBar, LUX, Daya Bay, and KamLAND. LBNL Physics Division
	has hosted numerous interns through the DOE SULI program, the DOE CCI program, the
	DOE SCGSR program, the UC Berkeley BPURs program, and the UC Berkeley URAP
	program. LBNL Physics Divisions hosts a yearly week-long Physics and Cosmology
	program for high school teachers and students.
Current Involvement in	LBNL Physics Division is involved in leading edge HEP experiments in the energy frontier, intensity frontier and cosmic frontier. Notably the Physics Division is currently
Research and Training	involved in the ATLAS experiment, the Mu2e experiment, the DUNE/LBNF experiment,
Programmes	the Daya Bay experiment, the LUX-Zeplin experiment, the DESI project, and the BOSS
	project. LBNL Physics Division is conducting R&D on particle sensors, astrophysical
	sensors, CMB sensors, custom ICs for sensor readout, readout electronics, and firmware
	and software development for particle tracking, optical cosmology, dark matter detection,
	and CMB radiation detection. In FY2019 the Physics Division research budget is over
	\$27M.
Relevant Publications	[1] "LArPix: demonstration of low-power 3D pixelated charge readout for liquid argon
and/or Research /	time projection chambers", D.A. Dwyer et. al., JINST 13, P10007 (2018)
Innovation Product	[2] "Design and Performance of a Custom ASIC Digitizer for Wire Chamber Readout in
	65 nm CMOS Technology" M. J. Lee et al JINST 10, no. 06, P06007 (2015)
	[3] "Local Alignment of the BABAR Silicon Vertex Tracking Detector" D. N. Brown, A.
	V. Gritsan, Z. J. Guo and D. Roberts. Nucl. Instrum. Meth. A 603, 467 (2009).

Partner Organisation Legal Name: Yale University (YALE)	
General description	Yale University is an international research university located in the United States of America. With approximately 5,500 undergraduate students, 6,900 graduate students, and over 4,000 faculty members, Yale has a wide array of programs, departments, schools, centers, museums and many affiliated institutions. Yale University's Physics Department has 32 faculty members and a strong involvement in particle physics research.
Key Persons and Expertise	B. Fleming Professor in the Department of Physics, Yale University; Spokesperson of MicroBooNE and member of LArIAT, ArgoNeuT and SBND at FNAL; Deputy Chief Research Officer at FNAL; member of US High Energy Physics Advisory Committee (HEPAP) and P5 (2014); Fellow of the American Physical Society; National Science Foundation CAREER Award Recipient (2006). S. Demers Horace D. Taft Associate Professor in the Department of Physics, Yale University; member of the ATLAS and Mu2e Collaborations; Deputy Institutional Board Chair of US ATLAS; ATLAS Upgrade Physics co-convener; Chair of Engaging-Non-Experts Committee for Mu2e; US ATLAS Fellow; US Department of Energy Early Career Award Recipient for 2011-2016. G. Pezzullo Postodctoral Research Associate, member of the Mu2e Collaboration, expert in particle detectors simulation, trigger algorithms, data analysis.
Key Research Facilities, Infrastructure and Equipment	The particle physics group at Yale University has state-of-the-art research facilities, mechanical and electronics workshops and clean-rooms, and substantial computing resources. Newly renovated hig-bay space at Yale University's Wright Lab enables R&D and construction activities at Yale and supports active research programs in particle physics, astrophysics and atomic physics. Research facilities are owned by Yale University.
Status of Research Premises	All the above mentioned infrastructures belong to YALE.
Previous and Current Involvement in Research and Training Programmes	The Yale University participants have been involved in many projects research and innovation projects, including CDF, MiniBooNE, FINeSSE, BooNE, CTEQ, and NuTeV. Current Yale University particle physics involvement includes ArgoNeuT, CUORE, Daya Bay, IceCube, LAr1-ND, LArIAT, MicroBooNE, Project8, PROSPECT, DM-Ice, Yale Microwave Cavity Experiment, Mu2e and ATLAS.
Relevant Publications and/or Research / Innovation Product	[1] A. A. Aguilar-Arevalo et al. [MiniBooNE Collaboration], "First Measurement of the Muon Neutrino Charged Current Quasielastic Double Differential Cross Section," Phys. Rev. D 81, 092005 (2010) [arXiv:1002.2680 [hep-ex]]. [2] ATLAS Collaboration, "Search for additional heavy neutral Higgs and gauge bosons in the ditau final state produced in 36 fb^{-1} of pp collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV with the ATLAS detector", JHEP 01 (2018) 055. [3] A. A. Aguilar-Arevalo et al. [MiniBooNE Collaboration], "The MiniBooNE Detector," Nucl. Instrum. Meth. A 599, 28 (2009).

	I Name: Inter-University Research Institute Corporation High
Energy Accelerator Research	
General description	KEK, the High Energy Accelerator Research Organization, is one of the world's leading accelerator science research laboratories, using high-energy and/or highly intense particle beams, and synchrotron light sources to probe the fundamental properties of matter. With state-of-the-art infrastructure, KEK is advancing our understanding of the universe that surrounds us, its mechanisms and their control. Established in 1997 in a re-organization of the Institute of Nuclear Study, University of Tokyo (established in 1955), the National Laboratory for High Energy Physics (established in 1971), and the Meson Science Laboratory of the University of Tokyo (established in 1988), KEK serves as a center of excellence for domestic and foreign researchers, providing a wide variety of research opportunities. In addition to the activities at the Tsukuba Campus, KEK is now jointly operating a high-intensity proton accelerator facility (J-PARC) in Tokai village, together with the Japan Atomic Energy Agency (JAEA). Over 600 scientists, engineers, students and staff perform research activities on the Tsukuba and Tokai campuses. KEK attracts nearly 100,000 national and international researchers every year (total man-days), and provides excellent research facilities and opportunities to many students and post-doctoral fellows each year.
Key Persons and Expertise	S. Mihara, Full Professor, leader of muon particle physics group at KEK. H. Nishiguchi,
	Associate professor at KEK, leader on tracker detectors, accelerator physics and Monte Carlo simulation. K. Ueno and Y. Fukao , Assistant professors at KEK. K. Ueno is an expert of detector electronics and Y. Fukao is an expert of beam line.
Key Research Facilities, Infrastructure and Equipment	The KEK Muon Group collaborates on several cLFV experiments and related detector/facility development, including MEG/MEGII, COMET and high-power target R&D. KEK has an extensive detector expertise, with leading roles in the experiments mentioned above. The KEK Muon Group has developed the LXe calorimeter for the MEG experiment, the MEG spectrometer, the muon beam line and straw-tube tracker for the COMET experiment, and several proton beam diagnostic tools along with a proton primary target used in a high-power proton beam accelerator experiment.
Status of Research Premises	All the above mentioned infrastructures belong to KEK.
Previous and Current Involvement in Research and Training Programmes	KEK has a long history of hosting or collaborating in world-class particle physics experin (COMET, T2K, and Belle & Belle II) and outside (MEG/MEG II).
Relevant Publications and/or Research / Innovation Product	[1] A.M. Baldini et al. (MEG collaboration) "Search for the lepton flavour violating decay $\mu + \rightarrow e + \gamma$ with the full dataset of the MEG experiment" Eur. Phys. J. C (2016) 76:434 [2] S. Mihara, J.P. Miller, P. Paradisi, and G. Piredda "Charged lepton flavour-Violation curve imparts" App. Pays. Nucl. And Part Science (2012) 62:521
	experiments" Ann. Rev. Nucl. And Part. Science (2013) 63:531 [3]G. Adamov et al (COMET Collaboration) "COMET Phase-I Technical Design", arXiv:1812.09018

Partner Organisation Legal I	Name: Massachusetts Institute of Technology (MIT)
General description	MIT is an international research university located in the United States of America. With
	approximately 5,000 undergraduate students, 7,000 graduate students, and over 1,100
	faculty members, MIT has a wide array of programs, departments, schools, centers,
	museums and many affiliated institutions. MIT University's Physics Department has about
	75 faculty members and a strong involvement in particle physics research.
Key Persons and Expertise	O. Hen, Professor in the Department of Physics, PhD in experimental physics at the Tel-Aviv
	University, MIT Pappalardo Fellow in Physics from 2015-2017, MIT physics faculty since 2017;
	Awardee of the G. Altarelli award, Bose Fellowship, Fermilab Intensity-Frontier Fellowship,
	Rothschild Fellowship, A. Pazi Award of the Israeli Council for Higher Education and the Y. Eisemberg Prize of Tel-Aviv University. Expert of studies of QCD effects in the nuclear medium,
	and the interplay between partonic and nucleonic degrees of freedom in nuclei. Involved in the
	FNAL Short Baseline Neutrino Program and DUNE.
Key Research Facilities,	The particle physics group at MIT University has state-of-the-art research facilities,
Infrastructure and	mechanical and electronics workshops and clean-rooms, and substantial computing
Equipment	resources. MIT laboratories enable R&D and construction activities and support active
Equipment	research programs in particle physics, astrophysics and atomic physics. Research facilities
	are owned by MIT.
Status of Research	All the above mentioned infrastructures belong to MIT.
Premises	
Previous and Current	The MIT Department of Physics has been involved in many projects research and
Involvement in Research	innovation projects. The particle physics and nuclear physics groups are involved
and Training Programmes	in experiments at Jefferson Laboratory, Brookhaven, Los Alamos, Desy, Cern, Fermilab,
	and several more in the world.
	Current MIT University particle physics involvement includes CMS, ATLAS, R&D for futur
	ILC, BES, Darklight, LHCb, nEDM, OLYMPUS, Qweak, RHIC, MiniBooNE, MicroBooNE
	ICCUBE, ISODAR, DAEDALUS, KATRIN, GAPS, NUSTAR, IAXO, CUORE, KamLAND
Relevant Publications	ABRACADABRA, NuDOT, PHOBOS. [1] O. Hen et al., "Nucleon-Nucleon Correlations, Short-lived Excitations, and the Quarks
and/or Research /	Within", Rev. Mod. Phys. 89, 045002 (2017).
Innovation Product	[2] O. Hen et al. (CLAS Collaboration), "Momentum Sharing in Imbalanced Fermi
	Systems", Science 346, 614 (2014).
	[3] I. Korover, N. Muangma, and O. Hen et al., (JLab Hall-A Collaboration),
	"Approaching the nucleon-nucleon short-range repulsive core via 4He(e,e'pN) triple
	coincidence reaction", Phyr. Rev. Lett. 113, 022501 (2014).

Partner Organisation Legal	Name: Jefferson Science Associate LLC (JSA)
General description	JSA manages the Jefferson Laboratory (JLab) for the US Department of Energy Office of
-	Science. JLab is a multi-purpose United States National Laboratory conducting scientific
	research in a wide range of subjects. Based on his continuous polarized electron beam of
	unprecedented intensity, it hosts experimental and theoretical research relating to Dark
	Matter searches, Astrophysics, Nuclear and Hadronic Physics, with a staff of over 700 staff
	scientists, over 60 postdocs, over 50 graduate students, and associated engineers and
	technical staff.
Key Persons and Expertise	P. Rossi, deputy associate director of the Physics Division of Jlab. V. Burkert, Hall-B
	leader. B. Wojtsekhowsky, co-spokeperson of experiments based on SBS spectrometer. S.
	Stepanyan, senior staff scientist, deputy Hall-B group leader, co-spokeperson of the HPS
	and nucleon 3D experiments. C. Cuevas, leader of the fast electronics group. He has led
	the realization of the pipelined readout electronics and specific developments for several
	readout systems of detectors at JLab.
Key Research Facilities,	JLab hosts a unique particle accelerator, known as the Continuous Electron Beam
Infrastructure and	Accelerator Facility (CEBAF), able to deliver high polarized electron beam to four
Equipment	experimental Halls, for fixed-target experiments with wordwide record luminosities
• •	ranging from 10 ³⁵ up to 10 ³⁸ cm ⁻² s ⁻¹ . The focus is to probe the most basic building blocks
	of known and alleged matter, whether ordinary, exotic, neutron or dark.
Status of Research	JLab has been an active research premise for nearly 40 years.
Premises	
Previous and Current	JLab has a long history of hosting world-class nuclear physics experiments. JLab currently
Involvement in Research	to 4 experimental Halls with different apparatus and complementary physics programs th
and Training Programmes	matter in its fundaments, either it be standard, dark, exotic or ultra-dense.
Relevant Publications	[1] V.D. Burkert, L. Elouadrhini, F.X. Girod, "The pressure distribution inside the proton",
and/or Research /	Nature 557 (2018) 396. [2] N. Baltzell et al., "The Heavy Photon Search beamline and its
Innovation Product	performance", NIMA 859 (2017) 69-75. [3] S. Abrahamyan et al., "Measurement of the
	Neutron Radius of 208Pb Through Parity-Violating Scattering", Phys. Rev. Lett. 108
	(2012) 112502. [4] X. Qian et al., "Single Spin Asymmetries in Charged Pion Production
	from Semi-Inclusive Deep-Inelastic Scattering on a Transversely Polarized ³ He Target at
	Q ² =1.4-2.7 GeV ^{2"} , Phys. Rev. Lett. 107 (2011) 072003. [5] M. Duer et al. (CLAS
	Collaboration), "Probing high-momentum protons and neutrons in neutron-rich nuclei",
	Nature 560 (2018) no.7720, 617-621.

	Name: OSAKA University (UOSAKA)
General description	Osaka University is a public university located in Osaka, Japan. Osaka University is one of
	Japan's National Seven Universities and is generally considered one of Japan's most
	prestigious institutions of higher education. It is usually ranked among the top three public universities in Japan, along with the University of Tokyo and Kyoto University. It is
	ranked third overall among Japanese Universities and 67^{th} worldwide in the 2019 QS
	World University Rankings. The Japanese Ministry of Education (MEXT) has classified
	Osaka University as a leading university in the Top Global University Project. It also
	selected Osaka University as a Designated National University Corporation in 2018. There
	are approximately 10,000 staff in total and 25,000 students. The School of Science has
	about 500 stuff and about 2,000 students, among which Department of Physics has about 250 undergraduate and 200 graduate students
Key Persons and Expertise	350 undergraduate and 200 graduate students.Y. Kuno, Professor of Physics; Spokesperson of COMET (2010-present), and member of
Rey Persons and Expertise	Super-K, and previously K2K, KEK-E246 and BNL-E787/949. Supervisor of Master and
	PhD students on COMET. Fermilab Physics Advisory Committee member (2008-2011),
	BELLE Physics Advisory Committee member (2009-2011), Member of European Strategy
	for Particle Physics preparatory group (2011-2013). International advisory committee
	members of the conference series of NEUTRINO, WIN, PIC, and NuFACT. M. Aoki,
	Associate professor of Physics; Spokesperson of DeeMe experiment at J-PARC. A. Sato, Assistant professor of Physics; Member of COMET and the convener of the COMET
	Cylindrical drift chamber (CDC) Working Group. Leader of the MuSIC project at
	Research Centre for Nuclear Physics (RCNP), Osaka University, for muon application
	science. H. Yoshida, Postdoctoral fellow for COMET, member of the COMET CDC
	working group, the muon-stopping target working group convener, and the COMET slow
	control working group convener. C. Wu, Postdoctoral fellow for COMET, and the
	COMET CDC tracking group convener. T. Itahashi , Visiting professor and professor emeritus of Osaka University; Member of COMET and muon g-2/edm at J-PARC,
	working on accelerators and muon science. Y. Koide , Visiting professor; Lepton
	phenomenology of elementary particle physics. D. Tomono , Postdoctoral fellow; Member
	of MuSIC, responsible for the MuSIC muon beam line.
Key Research Facilities,	Osaka University has 10 schools and 15 graduate schools, including 6 independent
Infrastructure and	research institutes. They are located in two major campuses. The Department of Physics,
Equipment	which is one of departments in School of Science, is located at the Toyonaka campus. There are two High Energy Physics (HEP) groups and two Nuclear Physics Groups at the
	Department of Physics, which own their laboratories and workshops. At the Suita campus,
	there is an accelerator facility named RCNP which has a 400 MeV proton cyclotron, where
	nuclear physics experiments are mostly carried out, along with the MuSIC, which is a new
	muon source infrastructure, being used for muon application science. MuSIC was
	constructed based on a novel concept of pion capture system of superconducting solenoids
	to produce many muons, providing COMET-principle demonstration. RCNP has a high- performance computing centre. The HEP Group has long-standing working relationships
	with International and domestic particle physics laboratories such as KEK, J-PARC,
	CERN, Fermilab, RAL, PSI, and TRIUMF.
Previous and Current	The HEP Group at Osaka University is involved in leading experiments in the past year
Involvement in Research	DeeMe, muon g-2/edm at J-PARC, Super-Kamiokande, NuFACT, Muon collider, MIC
and Training Programmes	PIENU at TRIUMF, AICAP at PSI, K2K and KEK-E246 at KEK, BNL-787/949 at BNI muon g-2. Also KOTO, KEK-E391a, ATLAS at CERN. include COMET and DeMee and a
	2/edm at J-PARC, and Super-Kamiokande for neutrino physics. Other major activities
	KOTO experiment, ATLAS at CERN, and Candles for neutrino-less double beta decay
	48Ca. Roughly 6 PhD students are currently working within the group, alongside a simila
	postdocs and fellows.
Relevant Publications	[1] "COMET Phase-I Technical Design Report, COMET Collaboration", arXiv:1812.0901
and/or Research /	(to be published). [2] "Atmospheric neutrino oscillation analysis with external constraints in Super-Kamiokande I-IV", SK collaboration, Phys.Rev. D97, 7 (2018) 072001. [3]
Innovation Product	"Delivering the world's most intense muon beam", MuSIC collaboration,
	Phys.Rev.Accel.Beams 20 (2017) 030101. [4] "First particle-by-particle measurement of
	emittance in the Muon ionization Cooling Experiment", MICE collaboration, RAL-P-2018-
	005, FERMILAB-PUB-18-591-AD-APC-PPD (2018). [5] "A Search for muon to electron
	conversion at J-PARC; The COMET experiment", COMET collaboration, PTEP 2013
L	(2013) 022C01.

Partner Organisation Legal Name' University of Lokyo (1110KVO)
Partner Organisation Legal Name: University of Tokyo (UTOKYO)

General description	The University of Tokyo hosts the world's largest scale research and education center of
General description	physics in Japan and covers vast areas of research fields from basic to complex matter on
	the subatomic to the cosmic level. The University of Tokyo's School of Science conducts
	research and education across various scientific fields in order to understand the
	mechanisms of nature and uncover the immutable laws that govern them. The courses
	cover a wide range of specialized fields in science and are taught by departmental faculty
	members as well as by faculty from other departments and research institutes of the
	University of Tokyo or other institutions. Illustrating the breadth of world-class research
	and superb graduate education being conducted in each department, faculty members and
	graduates have received numerous international prizes and awards including Nobel Prizes
	and Fields Medal. The Faculty of Science and the Graduate School of Science (GSS) is an
	international school strongly opened to student exchanges. The School pursues cutting-
	edge research in the most advanced fields while fostering students who will lead the next
	generation of scientists. Through their instruction in the concepts and methodologies of
	science, students are equipped with the knowledge and means to solve future problems as
	well as the ability to identify and address new problems. Having developed into deeply
	creative and internationally-minded scientists, many GSS graduates are currently active at
	the frontlines of research as postdoctoral fellows at universities, research institutes, and
	enterprises worldwide.
Key Persons and Expertise	T. Mori, Full Professor, Group leader of the MEG/MEGII group at University of Tokyo
	and co-spokesperson of the MEG and MEGII collaboration, W. Ootani Associate
	professor at University of Tokyo, leader on analysis, MEG and MEGII analysis co-
	responsible, T. Iwamoto , Scientist, leader on detector, responsible of the LXe calorimeter,
	MEGII technical and run co-coordinator, Y. Uchiyama, Scientist, leader on detector,
	responsible of the MEGII offline data system and the MEGII pixelated Timing Counter
	detector, K. Ieki, Associate Scientist, leader on detector, responsible of the MEGII
	Radiative Decay Counter detector.
Key Research Facilities,	The University of Tokyo collaborates on several cLFV, neutrino and future collider
Infrastructure and	experiments worldwide, including MEG/MEGII, T2K and ILC. University of Tokyo has
Equipment	an extensive analysis and detector expertise, with leading roles in the experiments
	mentioned above. Th University of Tokyo has developed the LXe calorimeter for the MEG
	experiment, the MEG analysis framework, the MEG spectrometer, the MEGII pixelated
	timing counter, the MEGII Radiative Muon Decay. It has a leading role in the analysis
	including both the $\mu^+ \rightarrow e^+ \gamma$ and exotic searches.
Previous and Current	The University of Tokyo has a long history of hosting or collaborating in world-class part
Involvement in Research	experiments on site (T2K, ILC) and outside (MEG/MEG-II).
and Training Programmes	
Relevant Publications	[1] W. J. Marciano, T. Mori, and J. M. Roney, "Charged lepton flavor violation
and/or Research /	experiments", Annual Review of Nuclear and Particle Science (2008) 58:315
Innovation Product	[2] A.M. Baldini et al. (MEG collaboration) "Search for the lepton flavour violating decay
	$\mu^+ \rightarrow e^+ \gamma$ with the full dataset of the MEG experiment", Eur. Phys. J. C (2016) 76:434
	[3] A.M. Baldini et al. (MEGII collaboration) "The design of the MEG II experiment",
	Eur. Phys. J. C (2018) 78:380.

Partner Organisation Legal Name: University of California, Irvine (UIRVINE)		
General description	The University of California, Irvine (UCI) was founded in 1965 with a mission to catalyze the community and enhance lives through rigorous academics, cutting-edge research, and dedicated public service. Today it draws on the spirit of pioneering faculty, staff, and students who arrived on campus with a dream to inspire change and generate new ideas. Currently the campus counts more than 35000 students, it is the youngest member of the Association of American Universities and is consistently ranked among the best college in the nation. It is committed to providing educational and research opportunities to students, faculty, and staff regardless of gender, race, ethnicity. Particle physics research at UC Irvine spans a broad range of experimental and theoretical topics. The experimental group, founded by Frederick Reines, who won the Nobel Prize for the discovery of the neutrino, currently conducts research at the energy, intensity, and cosmic frontiers. UC Irvine experimentalists play leading roles in collaborations that are searching for new particles and interactions at the Large Hadron Collider, exploring neutrino masses and mixings, looking for new signals of lepton flavor violation, searching for ultra-high energy cosmic neutrinos and dark matter, and probing the nature of cosmic acceleration and dark energy through astronomical surveys of the large-scale structure of the Universe. Particle theorists at UC Irvine exploit innovative ideas in particle physics, astroparticle physics, and cosmology, and at the interfaces of these areas to address outstanding problems in a wide variety of fields. These include searches for new particles and forces at colliders, dark matter particle candidates and their observable signatures, neutrino physics, particle cosmology, and quantum gravity.	
Key Persons and Expertise	William Molzon, Professor, group leader of the MEG/MEGII and Mu2e group at UC Irvine; T. Libeiro (Research Scientist), D. Palo and W. Kyle (advanced PhD students), leading contributors to hardware and software of calibration methods and to analysis.	
Key Research Facilities, Infrastructure and Equipment	The UC Irvine particle physics group collaborates on several cLFV, neutrino, and collider, and astro-particle experiments worldwide, including MEG/MEGII, Mu2e, IceCube, LSST, Ariana, Nova, Super-Kamiokande, DUNE, T2K and ATLAS. The group has extensive analysis and detector expertise and has leading roles in these experiments. The UCI group had significant responsibility of the positron analysis in MEG. It proposed several calibration and analysis framework techniques for several sub-detectors, both in MEG and MEGII, including techniques used for the upgraded MEGII LXe calorimeter and the new MEGII target. It has a leading role in the analysis including both the $\mu^+ \rightarrow e^+ \gamma$ search and exotic searches.	
Previous and Current Involvement in Research and Training Programmes	The UC Irvine particle physics group has a long history of hosting or collaborating on world-class particle physics experiments such as the MEG and MEGII experiment, the Mu2e experiment, LHC experiments, and neutrino experiments as well as new theoretical frameworks for addressing unanswered questions in the context of the standard model. They have hosted number national and international conferences and have trained hundreds of graduate students and post-doctoral researches, many of whom have gone on to jobs and Universities and National Laboratories.	
Relevant Publications and/or Research / Innovation Product	 [1] A.M. Baldini et al. (MEG collaboration) "Search for the lepton flavour violating decay μ⁺→e⁺ γ with the full dataset of the MEG experiment", Eur. Phys. J. C (2016) 76:434. [2] A.M. Baldini et al. (MEGII collaboration) "The design of the MEG II experiment", Eur. Phys. J. C (2018) 78:380. [3] L. Bartoszek et al. (Mu2e collaboration) "Mu2e technical design report", arXiv:1501.05241. 	

7. Ethics Issues

Research activities related to the PROBES project do not involve ethics issues, except the involvement of non-EU countries and the exportation of materials from EU to non- EU countries. This exportation involves just the detector components and the electronic and mechanical equipment needed for the construction and commissioning of the detectors. No personal data or any other ethically sensitive item will be exported. Ethical standard and guidelines of Horizon2020 will be rigorously applied, regardless of the country in which the research is carried out. The research performed outside EU is compatible with the Union, National and International legislation and could have been legally conducted in one of the EU Member States.

8. Letters of Commitment of Third Country Partner organisations

The letters of commitment are from the following Partners:

Fermi Research Alliance, signed by Nigel S. Lockyer Director of Fermilab;

KEK - Inter-University Research Institute Corporation, High Energy Accelerator Research Organization, signed by Prof. Satoshi Mihara;

Yale Department of Physics, signed by Prof. Paul L. Tipton, Chair, Department of Physics;

LBNL – Ernest Orlando Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory, signed by Natalie Roe, LBNL Physics Division Director;

Osaka University, School of Science, Graduate school of Science, signed by Prof. Masayuki Asakawa, Chair of Department of Physics;

Massachusetts Institute of Technology, Laboratory for Nuclear Science, signed by Prof. Boleslaw Wyslouch, Director of the Laboratory for Nuclear Science;

University of California, Irvine, Department of Physics and Astronomy, signed by Prof. William Molzon, coordinator of the Particle Physics Group;

University of Tokyo, The International Center for Elementary Particle Physics, signed by Prof. Toshinori Mori;

Jefferson Science Associates, Thomas Jefferson National Accelerator Facility, signed by Stuart Henderson, Director of Jefferson Laboratory.

Fermi National Accelerator Laboratory

February 22, 2019



Nigel S. Lockyer Director

Directorate P.O. Box 500, MS 105 Kirk Road and Pine Street Batavia, Illinois 60510-5011 USA Office: 630.840.3211 lockyer@fnal.gov

To Whom It May Concern:

Fermi National Accelerator Laboratory (Fermilab) will be pleased to participate in the Marie Skłodowska-Curie Research and Innovation Staff Exchange (H2020-MSCA-RISE-2019) call proposal "PROBES". Fermilab is constructing a Muon Campus to host two world-class experiments exploiting muons and neutrinos to perform discovery science. We have a long history of collaboration with international partners and would warmly welcome our scientific colleagues included in this proposal.

Specifically, Fermilab will

- 1. Act as a host institution for secondments from the PROBES participants
- 2. Provide a work environment for the seconding personnel that encourages collaboration and ensures the efficient fulfillment of the project objectives
- 3. Contribute to the knowledge exchange between Fermilab and the PROBES participants.

These commitments are conditioned on laboratory priorities, receiving all DOE approvals including Contracting Officer approvals, and availability of funding for such endeavors at Fermilab. Please note that all seconding personnel will require an appropriate visa to work in the United States and the home institutions for seconding personnel may be asked to sign a Non-Proprietary User Facility Agreement.

Sincerely,

'S fer

Nigel S. Lockyer Director of Fermilab

cc: E. Barzi S. Donati

Managed by Fermi Research Alliance, LLC for the U.S. Department of Energy Office of Science

www.fnal.gov

1-1.OHO.TSUKUBA-SHI IBARAKI-KEN.305-0801 JAPAN http://www.kek.jp/ E-Mail: satoshi.mihara@kek.jp



INTER-UNIVERSITY RESEARCH INSTITUTE CORPORATION HIGH ENERGY ACCELERATOR RESEARCH ORGANIZATION

Date: 12 February 2019

To whom it may concern,

The muon particle physics group at Institute of Particle and Nuclear Studies (IPNS), High Energy Accelerator Research Organization (KEK) in Japan is pleased to participate in the Marie Sklodowska-Curie Research and Innovation Staff Exchange (H2020-MSCA-RISE-2019) call proposal "PROBES". The muon particle physics group at IPNS-KEK will be able to host scientific colleagues participating in this program using KEK/J-PARC facilities.

Muon particle physics group conducts research work to search for hints of new physics beyond the standard model of elementary particle physics using highly intense muon beam, and hosts two international collaborations of particle physics experiments ongoing at J-PARC. Development of new detector technologies is also ongoing in collaboration with J-PARC/KEK research supporting staff members. It is possible to provide opportunities to learn various kinds of technology and/or experiment techniques to participants.

Visitors to KEK/J-PARC through the PROBES program are welcomed as KEK/J-PARC users and can receive support regarding research infrastructure such as computing, network, meeting rooms, and other kind of campus services.

Sincerely yours,

Group leader of muon particle physics Institute of Particle and Nuclear Studies (IPNS) High Energy Accelerator Research Organization (KEK)

Yale University

Department of Physics P.O. Box 208121 New Haven, Connecticut 06520-8121

Campus address: 554 J.W. Gibbs Laboratory Telephone: 203 432-3388 Fax: 203 432-6125

February 10, 2019

To Whom It May Concern:

The Yale Physics Department is very pleased to participate in the Marie Skłodowska-Curie Research and Innovation Staff Exchange (H2020-MSCA-RISE-2019) known as the PROBES program. Yale is quite enthusiastic about hosting PROBES participants here at Yale, most likely at our newly-renovated Wright Lab facility.

As you might know we have very active Microboone and Mu2e collaboration members here at Yale. We see the PROBES program as an ideal way to strengthen ties between Fermilab and the leading European High Energy Physics programs. Yale is eager to help in that effort, but we also hope to strengthen ties between Yale and our European colleagues for the benefit of all.

The rebuilt Wright Lab is a visitor-friendly hub for high-energy and nuclear physics. The lab houses excellent technical facilities and expert staff to help carry out projects from the R&D phase through construction and data analysis. We also have a strong theoretical physics group that helps enliven the intellectual environment.

In conclusion, the Yale Physics Department is enthusiastic in our commitment to the PROBES program. We very much hope to host one or more visitors here on campus.

Paul ZTZ

Paul L. Tipton Prof. of Physics Chair, Dept of Physics Yale University



February 14, 2019

To Whom it May Concern:

The Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory (LBNL) Physics Division will be pleased to participate in the Marie Skłodowska- Curie Research and Innovation Staff Exchange (H2020-MSCA-RISE-2019) proposal known as "PROBES". The LBNL Physics Division leads and participates in a number of international experiments in particle physics and cosmology. We have a long history of collaboration with international partners and would warmly welcome our scientific colleagues included in this proposal.

Specifically, LBNL will:

- 1. Act as a host institution for secondments from the PROBES participants
- 2. Provide a work environment for the seconding personnel that encourages collaboration and ensures the efficient fulfillment of the project objectives
- 3. Contribute to the knowledge exchange between LBNL and the PROBES participants.

These commitments are conditioned on laboratory priorities, receiving all DOE approvals including Contracting Officer approvals, and availability of funding for such endeavors at LBNL. Please note that all seconding personnel will require an appropriate visa to work in the United States and the home institutions for seconding personnel may be asked to sign a Non-Proprietary User Facility Agreement.

Mataliakoe

LBNL Physics Division Director 1 Cyclotron Road Berkeley CA 94720



OSAKA UNIVERSITY School of Science. Graduate School of Science

1-1 Machikaneyama, Toyonaka 560-0043, Osal Phone: +81-6-6850-6111 Fax: +81-6-6850-52



2019/03/11

Dr. Masayuki Asakawa Professor of Physics Email; yuki@phys.sci.osaka-u.ac.jp

To Whom It May Concern:

The Physics Department of Osaka University is very pleased to participate in the Marie Skłodowska-Curie Research and Innovation Staff Exchange (H2020-MSCA-RISE-2019) known as the RISE program. Osaka University is highly enthusiastic about hosting RISE participants here at Osaka.

As you might know we have very active COMET collaboration members here at Osaka. We see the RISE program as an ideal way to strengthen ties between Japan and the leading European High Energy Physics programs. Osaka University is eager to help in that effort, but we also hope to strengthen ties between Osaka University and our European colleagues for the benefit of all.

The Physics Building at Osaka University is a visitor-friendly hub for high-energy and nuclear physics. The lab houses excellent technical facilities and expert staff to help carry out projects from the R&D phase through construction and data analysis. We also have a strong theoretical physics group that helps enliven the intellectual environment.

In conclusion, the Osaka University Physics Department is enthusiastic in our commitment to the RISE program. We very much hope to host one or more visitors here on campus.

masque As

Dr. Masayaki Asakawa Professor of Physics Chair of Department of Physics, Osaka University



Boleslaw Wyslouch Director Professor of Physics

http://web.mit.edu/Ins

Laboratory for Nuclear Science



Massachusetts Institute of Technology 77 Massachusetts Avenue, Building 26-505 Cambridge, Massachusetts 02139–4307

Phone 617–253-7800 Fax 617–253-0111 wyslouch@mit.edu

March 12, 2019

To Whom It May Concern:

The Laboratory for Nuclear Science (LNS) at the Massachusetts Institute of Technology (MIT) will be pleased to participate in the Maria Skłodowska-Curie Research and Innovation Staff Exchange (H2020-MSCA-ISE-2019) call proposal "PROBES". Researchers at LNS are involved in several activities in the area of Neutrino Physics research at the Fermi National Accelerator Laboratory. We have a long history of collaboration with international partners and would warmly welcome our scientific colleagues included in this proposal.

Specifically, LNS will

- 1. Act as a host institution for secondments from the PROBES participants
- 2. Provide a work environment for the seconding personnel that encourages collaboration and ensures the efficient fulfillment of the project objectives
- 3. Contribute to the knowledge exchange between LNS and the PROBES participants.

These commitments are conditioned on laboratory priorities and availability of funding for such endeavors at LNS. Please note that all seconding personnel will require an appropriate visa to work in the United States, and the seconding personnel and home institutions for seconding personnel will be asked to sign an Inventions and Proprietary Information Agreement.

Sincerely,

Bdestau Wystond

Boleslaw Wyslouch Director of LNS and Bates Research and Engineering Center

BW:el 19_3592

UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA, IRVINE

BERKELEY • DAVIS • IRVINE • LOS ANGELES • MERCED • RIVERSIDE • SAN DIEGO • SAN FRANCISCO



DEPARTMENT OF PHYSICS AND ASTRONOMY

IRVINE, CALIFORNIA 92697-4575

25 March 2019

PROFESSOR WILLIAM R. MOLZON TELEPHONE: (949)824-5987 FAX: (949)824-7478 E-MAIL: wmolzon@uci.edu

To whom it may concern:

The particle physics group led by Professor William Molzon at the University of California, Irvine (UCI) in the United Sates is pleased to participate in the Marie Sklodowska-Curie Research and Innovation Staff Exchange (H2020-MSCA-RISE-2019), call proposal "PROBES". The group will be pleased to host scientific colleagues participating in this program using UCI facilities.

Our group has conducted and is continuing to conduct research to search for hints of new physics beyond the Standard Model of elementary particle physics. We are currently involved in two such experiments. One uses the most intense, low energy, continuous muon beam in the world at the Paul Scherrer Institute in Villigen, Switzerland, participating in the MEG and MEGII experiments. The second uses what will be the most intense pulsed muon beam in the world, currently in construction at Fermilab near Chicago in the United States, participating in the Mu2e experiment. Our group has a long history of proposing and executing new generations of charged lepton flavor violation experiments, developing new detector technologies and calibration techniques, and devising and implementing analysis strategies and frameworks. In particular, for MEG and MEG2 we have had a leading role in calibration methods and data analysis. Through the proposed program, we hope to provide opportunities for participants to learn various kinds of experimental techniques and data analysis methods, and to learn from them.

Visitors to UCI through the PROBES program will be welcomed to UCI; we will provide support in the way of research infrastructure such as computing, network connections, meeting rooms and office space, and other campus services. Participants may also benefit from interactions with our experimental and theoretical particle physics colleagues who are conducting a broad and vigorous research program in the field.

WOD-12M

William Molzon Professor, Physics and Astronomy



FACULTY OF SCIENCE BLDG. 1 7-3-1 HONGO, BUNKYO-KU TOKYO 113-0033 JAPAN

PHONE: +81-3-3815-8384 FAX : +81-3-3814-8806 E-MAIL : mori@icepp.s.u-tokyo.ac.jp/ http://www.icepp.s.u-tokyo.ac.jp/

25th March, 2019

To whom it may concern,

Our research group at International Center for Elementary Particle Physics (ICEPP), the University of Tokyo, is pleased to participate in the Marie Sklodowska-Curie Research and Innovation Staff Exchange (H2020-MSCA-RISE-2019) call proposal "PROBES." We are pleased to host scientific colleagues who participate in this program using our University's facilities.

Our group conducts research work to search for hints of new physics beyond the standard model of elementary particle physics using the world's most intense low energy continuous muon beam at the Paul Scherrer Institute in Villigen, Switzerland. The group has a deep and long experience in developments of new detector technologies as a breakthrough for future particle physics researches, including the 2.7-ton liquid xenon photon detector and the COBRA positron spectrometer with specially gradient magnetic field. It has had a leading role on the data analysis that produced various important physics results in international collaborations. We are happy to provide international participants with opportunities to learn and collaborate on various kinds of detector technologies, experimental techniques and data analysis methods.

Visitors to the University of Tokyo through the PROBES program are welcomed as our official users and shall receive various supports regarding research infrastructure such as computing, network, meeting rooms, and other kind of campus services.

Sincerely yours,

C. May

Toshinori MORI Professor International Center for Elementary Particle Physics The University of Tokyo



March 26, 2019

To Whom It May Concern,

Jefferson Science Associates (JSA), as the management and operations contractor of the Thomas Jefferson National Accelerator Facility (TJNAF) is pleased to extend this letter of support to the members of our user community submitting the proposal "PROBES" in their pursuit of the Marie Sktodowska-Curie Research and Innovation Staff Exchange (H2020-MSCA-RISE-2019) program.

We are eager to continue the collaboration in the full suite of Jefferson Lab's scientific program in fundamental hadron physics, QCD and particle physics. In particular, the programs centered on the use of the world-leading polarized electron beam for experiments of light dark-matter search, ultra-dense matter equation of state and nucleon 3D imaging (partonic tomography in space and momentum) offer exciting opportunities for discovery.

Should this effort be successful we remind members of the user community that a properly executed user agreement is required before accessing the TJNAF facility. More information on this process is found at https://science.energy.gov/user-facilities/user-resources/user-agreements/ or through the Jefferson Lab User Liaison Office.

Sincerely,

mp.m

Stuart Henderson Director, Jefferson Lab

12000 Jefferson Avenue, Newport News, VA 23606 • phone 757.269.7100 • fax 757.269.7363 • www.jsallc.org

ENDPAGE

MARIE SKŁODOWSKA-CURIE ACTIONS

Research and Innovation Staff Exchange (RISE) Call: H2020-MSCA-RISE-2019

PART B

"PROPOSAL ACRONYM"